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No. 421.

## SAD ACCIDENT AT CITY OF WINNIPEG

### LAUNCH WAS UPSET IN THE RED RIVER

Five Young People Lost Their Lives by  
Boat Striking a Sunken  
Pile.

(Associated Press.)

Winnipeg, Aug. 12.—One of the greatest tragedies in the history of the city visited Winnipeg Saturday afternoon, when five young lives were lost in the Red river, and another hangs in the balance to-night. A gasoline launch ran on a sunken pile, near River Park, and the eight occupants were thrown into the water, but three of them were saved.

Belonging as they do to well known families, the occurrence has created a most profound regret in the city. The names of the drowned are Miss Ethel Brown, aged 19, her sister Myrtle, aged 17, and her brother Ernest, aged 15, Miss Mary Whyte, Glasgow, Scotland, and Miss Teenie Thompson. The first three victims are children of City Clerk Brown.

Their mother, who accompanied them was saved, and two companions, Messrs. Foxwell and Cheyne also escaped. At 4.40 Saturday afternoon the merry party left the shore for a trip of about three miles to the picnic grounds. Laughing, chatting and singing with no thought of the hidden death awaiting them, they were within a couple of hundred yards of their destination when without a moment's warning

The Launch Struck  
the pile and the bow rose in the air and the stern sank, shipping water.

Two of the younger girls were thrown from their seats on the stern into the water, and an instant later the boat took a sharp list to the left, tilted and sank. The weight of the engine dragged the stern down, but the gasoline tank in the bow floated that end, and this was the means of saving at least two of the victims of this unfortunate incident.

Though badly frightened, the two young men in the boat did all in their power to save the lives of their friends and companions though Mrs. Brown was the only one brought to shore. At one time Mr. Cheyne was supporting Miss Brown and making a struggle to get back to the boat of the launch, which offered some hope of safety. He was almost exhausted, and was making a desperate effort when a boat drifting near, he

Appealed for Aid  
and tried to grasp the gunwale. The men in the boat made all possible speed to get away out of his reach shouting "don't touch my boat, you will upset me," and went on down the river, leaving the unfortunate young man and his helpless burden to their fate.

Cheyne struggled as long as he could, and finally lost consciousness, releasing his burden. When finally brought ashore he was in a semi-demented condition, and only recovered some time afterwards.

Mr. Foxwell caught Mrs. Brown and lifted her to the bow of the boat. He then went after Miss Whyte, thinking he saw her, but found that the object floating on the water was her hat, the girl having sunk or floated away. He then tried to find some of the younger people, and not seeing them concluded that they were in safety, and went back to Mrs. Brown. When help arrived he, too, was unconscious.

The most painful incident of this most unfortunate affair came when Mrs. Brown recovered from her first shock to the consciousness of what had happened.

When first thrown into the water she was rendered unconscious by the shock. She was taken to the boat house and artificial respiration applied till nature asserted itself and she opened her eyes to inquire what had happened to her children, only to learn of her great bereavement, which so affected her in her condition that to-night her life is despaired of.

### FIRE INTO CROWD.

Unidentified Man Shoots Walter and  
Then Discharges Revolver at  
Crowd.

(Associated Press.)

New York, Aug. 13.—While the Oceanic was in the Battery at Quoniam Island was still crowded early to-day an unidentified man pulled a revolver and fired two shots into the back of a waiter at Stanch's restaurant and then turned the weapon into the crowd and fired four times as quickly as he could pull the trigger. Four persons were wounded, one in the head and three in the arms.

Threatening any person who should pursue him.

In the throng were many women. At the sound of the shots and the screams of a woman who witnessed the shooting the crowd broke in all directions. As they fled the man drew his weapon and fired toward them and fired several times.

A panic ensued and women were thrown to the walk as the men ran over them in an effort to reach a place of safety. The stranger, defied anyone to follow him. He fled the revolver in his right hand and shouted: "The man who follows me I will kill." No one ventured to approach him till he jumped over a railing and vanished in the direction of the ocean.

## ACCIDENTAL DEATHS.

Regular Fatality in Winnipeg—Lives Lost  
in Prairie Provinces.

Winnipeg, Aug. 12.—A peculiar fatality occurred at her Vaughan street residence this evening when Mrs. Blacksted, while sweeping her house, slipped, and, grasping an electric light socket to save herself, she was instantly killed by a short circuit.

Child Killed.

Calgary, Aug. 12.—Mary Law, the four-year-old daughter of George Law, of this city, was instantly killed by a runaway horse Saturday afternoon. The little girl was terribly injured, suffering a fracture of the skull, a collar bone and three ribs.

Boat Drowned.

Saskatoon, Sask., Aug. 11.—John Layton, formerly of Brockville, Ont., was drowned in the Saskatchewan river while bathing this morning.

Another Accident.

Warman, Sask., Aug. 11.—Henry Hunter was drowned in the Saskatchewan this morning.

## ACADIAN EXILES.

Their Descendants Are Now Meeting  
in Convention as Benefit  
Organization.

(Associated Press.)

New Bedford, Mass., Aug. 13.—After religious services held yesterday at St. Anthony's church, the Society of the Acadian exiles, began its annual convention here to-day. One hundred and fifty delegates representing 55 lodges of the organization in the United States and Canadian provinces were entitled to seats in the convention.

## THE ZEMSTOVOS GO DOWN TO DEFEAT

### GOVERNMENT'S POLICY IS FINDING FAVOR

Russian Elections Indicate Reaction of  
Sentiment Against Advanced Pro-  
gramme of Reformers.

(Associated Press.)

St. Petersburg, Aug. 13.—The government attaches much importance to the defeat of the Constitutional Democrats in the Zemstvo elections now under way. For years the provincial Zemstvos have been the centres of the Liberal movement, and practically all the Constitutional Democrat leaders have been prominent in Zemstvo work. Now as candidates for re-election they are going down to defeat.

M. Kakoshkine, next to M. Rodtich, the most brilliant of the Constitutional Democratic orators in the outlawed parliament, has been defeated by Count Sheremetiev, the notorious reactionary, and yesterday two Constitutional Democrats were defeated at Samara.

While these results certainly indicate a reaction of sentiment against the advanced programme of the Constitutional Democrats, it should also be pointed out that the nobility and landed proprietors have the

Dominant Influence

In Zemstvo elections, and the defeat of the Constitutional Democrats probably represents more their hostility to the principle of the forced expropriation of land to which the Constitutional Democrats are committed than emity toward the purely political part of their programme.

Nevertheless, the important landed interest, reactionary or liberal are uniting and lining up in favor of the government's radical agrarian programme.

There are strong reasons to believe that it is the intention of the Stolypin ministry, if things move normally to support the candidates of the regenerationists who are expected to amalgamate with the Octoberists whether the co-operation of the right wing of the Constitutional Democrats is secured or not. A significant symptom of

## PERSIA'S ASSEMBLY.

It Is Proposed to Give Representation to  
All Classes From Princes Down.

(Associated Press.)

Tehran, Persia, Aug. 13.—The Shah's receipt to the Grand Vizier as finally amended orders the formation of a national assembly composed of representatives of all classes from princes downward. The assembly will advise His Majesty on important state and public affairs, and will propose reforms conducive to the welfare of the people of the country. Justice will be administered in accordance with the sacred law. The Grand Vizier is to draw up the rules of procedure for the assembly and these are to be approved by the assembly itself.

## FREE FIGHT ON BROOKLYN LINES

### PASSENGERS REFUSE TO PAY DOUBLE FARE

Officials of Transit Company and Police  
Authorities Come Into Conflict  
Over Question.

(Associated Press.)

New York, Aug. 13.—The disturbances on the Coney Island surface cars and elevated trains that Deputy Police Commissioner O'Keefe and the Brooklyn police looked forward to yesterday because of Justice Gaynor's statement of Saturday that the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co. did not have a right to demand a double fare to the island, took place on schedule time. They lasted from early morning until early to-day, when the overwrought nerves of the people permitted a panic following a shooting affray in which four persons were dangerously injured by an unknown man who escaped.

At daylight belated ones were still making their way to the city. Men, women and children were

forcibly ejected from the cars. From 50,000 to 75,000 were compelled to walk for distances of from one to three miles. First steps were taken in scores of damage suits, and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit representatives defied City Police Commissioner O'Keefe of Brooklyn. Lawyers and lawyers' clerks swarmed about the points where passengers were put off and took the names of witnesses.

A continuous riot was in progress along the main lines of travel. As a result, for it two women were injured, one so seriously that she may die, another woman and a child came so near death that hundreds of onlookers turned their faces away in horror, innumerable persons were bruised and several were arrested on charges of assault.

Among those put off trolley cars was a man who said he was President Bird S. Coler of the Borough of Brooklyn. He went peacefully enough after the "bouncer," who had technically assaulted his wife by taking hold of her arm. He then addressed the crowd, and told them not to pay a second fare. It was after this that the real trouble started.

but what he had said was by no means the cause of the disturbance that followed, for it addressed but a few people comparatively.

The police took an active hand in the trouble in the evening by arresting two Brooklyn Rapid Transit superintendents, three inspectors and a motorman or two for not moving the cars. Blocking the highways was the charge.

At 12.40 o'clock this morning police activity took on a still more active form when cars coming from the island on the Culver route, were halted at Avenue F and Gravesend avenue, and the conductors started in to collect the second fare. Inspector Donald Grant, Deputy Police Commissioner O'Keefe and several Brooklyn Rapid Transit inspectors were gathered at this point. Several passengers

Refused to Pay

the fare and the inspectors piled onto the cars and began to drag them off. Deputy Commissioner O'Keefe gave orders to the police to throw the inspectors off the car, and they did so in a jiffy. The car then proceeded after the police had ordered the motorman to go ahead. He did not go far, however, just 150 yards away.

Capt. Dow F. Smith, who had been arrested on the evening and was carried out in a sedan chair, was carried out of the car at the side of the tracks. The motorman stopped when his car got opposite Supt. Smith and the inspectors that had been thrown off by the policemen hustled up and tossed men, women and children off in a very unceremonious manner.

## MILAN EXHIBITION

Is Likely to Awaken Interest in Can-  
ada Among Desirable Italian  
Emigrants.

(Associated Press.)

Ottawa, Aug. 13.—Reports from the Canadian exhibition commission at Milan are that the Canadian display is attracting a large measure of attention, and is daily visited by considerable numbers of people, although heavy attendance at the exhibition will not begin until the month of September. One of the results of the exhibition has been to induce the emigration department of the Italian government to send a special officer to look after the display to interview the Canadian representatives and to ascertain the suitability of Canada as a residence for Italians of the agricultural class.

The emigration official who made the inquiry, D. Rebbiko, spent some five months in Canada in 1901, going from the Atlantic to the Pacific. He spent several days in the Canadian pavilion, and will, it is understood, report that the Canadian west is a highly suitable place for Italians of the farming class whose circumstances compel them to emigrate.

Immigration work in Italy is forbidden to the officials of other countries, but the Italian government recognizes

A Paris milliner fell asleep while watching two young men fighting a duel with swords for her sake. She was awakened by the cry of the wounded man.

## FRUIT SHIPMENT TO OLD COUNTRY

### FURTHER CONSIGNMENT WILL SHORTLY BE SENT

Success Attained Last Season Warrants  
Another Endeavor to Capture  
British Market.

(Associated Press.)

The great success that attended the carload of British Columbia fruit sent to England last fall induced the minister of agriculture to arrange to repeat the experiment this season. After considerable correspondence, with the C. P. R. it is announced that the company will give free transportation to London at least a carload of assorted fruit from the province. This will be first exhibited in several of the large centres of population and afterwards sold for the market.

R. M. Palmer, secretary to the provincial board of horticulture, will take the fruit to England and supervise its exhibition and disposal.

In this connection, it would be well to point out the varieties most suitable to the British market. Up to the present apples appear the most profitable fruit that can be shipped to England. As early as February, 1906, this matter was taken up by Mr. Palmer with Garret, Jacobs & Co., the leading fruit buyers of London, and their opinion is well worth reproduction. An extract from their letter reads:

"We are glad to hear that Cox's orange pippin is being largely cultivated with you, as this is the most successful apple, as regards price, of any grown in Great Britain, and up to now none of this variety has been produced anywhere else in America, as far as we are aware."

"We hope the fruit will arrive here in good condition, in which case we do not doubt that the results will be satisfactory. We certainly are of opinion that Cox's orange pippin, Spitzenberg and Newton's pippins are the three varieties to which you should devote your attention, as on the English markets these three sorts are worth nearly double the value of the others."

In good years the varieties mentioned can be grown in the vicinity of Victoria, but the fact must be faced that it is to other kinds this district must look for perfection at all seasons. The King of Tompkins can be grown as well here as anywhere in the world, and it is to be hoped that orchardists on the island will see to it that proper representation is given to local products. The shipment to England last year consisted of the following varieties: Apples—Fall Pippins, Kings, Winesap, Twenty-ounce Pippins, Bliss Pearmain and Oranos, from Lytton; Robston Pippins, Wolfe River, Wealthy and Scows, from Kelowna and Lytton; Warner's Kings, Canada Red, King of Tompkins, Ontario, Jonathan, Northern Spy, Belle of Boskoop, Baldwin, St. Lawrence, Greening, Golden Russett, Alexander, Blenheim Orange, Wagener and McIntosh Red from Kelowna; Wealthy, Ribston, Pearmain, from Victoria; Pearmain, Beurre Clairgeau, Eastern Beurre, Beurre d'Anjou and Howells from Kelowna, and plums from Victoria.

The exhibit was greatly admired and evoked the highest encomiums from the newspapers. The London Times, while hesitating to declare the fruit superior to the best English specimens, admitted that they very nearly approached them in color, shape and flavor, even after having travelled 6,000 miles, by railway and steamship. The Royal Horticultural Society's appreciation of the fruit was shown by the award of the society's gold medal and diploma.

It will thus be seen that Victoria was the only locality from which plums were sent. All the classes of fruit turned out satisfactorily. In a final report on the 1905 shipments the "Glasgow-house" of the same firm reported, under date of 16th December, 1905:

"All those who purchased them were anxious to know when further supplies would come forward, as the consumers wanted similar fruit. We mention these circumstances because the public here require a little education as to the merits of apples from a new district, and there can be no doubt that when this is accomplished and a reasonable reduction made in the cost of conveyance, the business of exporting British Columbian apples to the chief markets of Great Britain will be within the range of being successful from a commercial point of view."

With this report an invoice was sent showing returns from 19 boxes of apples. These realized an average price of 12s. 9d. gross or 11s. 4d. net, after deducting commission and expenses.

Packing is always an important point for fruit growers to consider, especially for over-seas markets. Garret, Jacobs & Co., in a recent letter pointed out and recommended the system adopted by the growers at Kelowna, River, Oregon, should be followed here. The provincial bureau of information, some months ago, endeavored to obtain particulars of this, but without success. The recommendations of Garret, Jacobs & Co., in the letter previously quoted from, were:

"Oregon apples are packed in what is termed the 40-lb. case, and we do not think you will have any difficulty in getting reliable information about these cases, or in finding a practical packer, so that your fruit may be put up in exactly similar fashion. The most saleable sizes are the 4, 4½ and 5 tiers."

The shipments will probably be made at the end of October or the beginning of November. Public announcement of the exact date will be given in ample time for fruit to be packed and assembled.

## STEAMSHIP SERVICE WITH MEXICAN PORTS

Company Is Now Negotiating With  
Southern Republic—Trail in  
Northern B. C.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, Aug. 13.—It is said that there is a likelihood of a steamship service being established between Mexico and Canada on the Pacific. A steamship company is now negotiating with the Mexican government on the subject.

## INDIAN CHIEFS ARE RECEIVED BY KING

(Associated Press.)

London, Aug. 12.—The three Canadian Indian chiefs from British Columbia in picturesque dress were received by King Edward at Buckingham Palace to-day. The Indians came to plead for the restoration of their hunting rights and certain native customs which they claim have been curtailed by the Dominion government.

## CANADIAN BUTTER IS SOUGHT IN MILAN

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, Aug. 13.—Canada's exhibit in Milan seems likely to result in increased trade. The dairy commissioner, J. A. Ruddick, reports having received three inquiries for butter from Milan merchants who saw the display made by the Canadian government at the exhibition.

## SULTAN IMPROVING.

Doctor Who Affords Him Relief Given  
Rank of General.

(Associated Press.)

Constantinople, Aug. 13.—It is stated that the Sultan passed a good night, and that his condition this morning is somewhat improved. The doctor who has been sent to attend to him has been promoted to the rank of general.

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## ROSSLAND WANTS TAX.

Interior City Is Making Demands For  
Share of Mineral Collection.

(Associated Press.)

The corporation of the city of Rossland wants the provincial government to hand over to them the annual two per cent. tax on certain mines, now paid into the provincial treasury. According to the figures published in the Miner the sum to be abandoned by the government for the benefit of the city amounts to about \$35,000, or a little better.

The Rossland board of trade and the city council will join in a memorial to the government asking for the proceeds of the two per cent. tax. The Mayor says: "The city is equitably entitled to this sum from the province and should have it." It is also suggested that the mines in question would not object to the tax being devoted to city purposes.

A. H. Neil, K. C., K. E. Mackenzie, the president and secretary of the board of trade, were appointed a committee to deal with the matter and draw up a memorial from the board of trade, submitting it to the city council, or to act with a committee from the council in presenting a joint memorial to the government at Victoria.

"The city of Rossland is deprived of the right to tax all the real estate held by private individuals within its limits. Every other municipality in British Columbia has such a right (excepting as to railways). The provincial government collects what is in effect a tax in the city from the shipping mines; the city gets none of this, although it has to undertake all municipal burdens."

It would, no doubt, not make any difference to the mining companies paying the tax, whether the same went to the city or to the provincial government.

## VLADIVOSTOCK IS LIKE A VOLCANO

### AMERICAN BUSINESS MAN FROM SIBERIA

Revolutionary Propaganda Carried on—  
Rooming Garrison to be Stationed  
on the Coast.

(Associated Press.)

"Vladivostock is like a volcano," said J. F. Meyhan, who arrived from the Orient on Saturday by the Montague. A resident of Tacoma, who has been spending several months at Harbin and Vladivostock, he was carefully observing conditions in Asiatic Russia, and graphically summed up the situation in the few words mentioned.

In thus giving his opinion he instanced, to a Times representative, many facts that tend to show its correctness. During the last four weeks of his stay at Vladivostock only one cruiser, the Askold, was in the vicinity, but even that was taken to sea no less than six times during a month. This was done for fear of mutiny and to prevent the defection on shore spreading further among the sailors. Not only this, there was great fear that the troops, who are almost in state-of-chronic mutiny, would seize the vessel.

Two thousand Cossacks, whose loyalty to the Czar is proverbial, have been placed on the western frontier to overawe the citizens generally. Notwithstanding this, however, revolutionary literature has wide circulation, being brought from Nagasaki by Russians who are entering Siberia from the Pacific Coast for that purpose. They come in parties of 15 or 20, on apparently reliable missions, smuggling in broad sheets and pamphlets under their cloaks, or concealed in their boots. No one in Vladivostock knows anything about affairs east of the Ural, unless the knowledge is conveyed in the manner mentioned. Communication over the Trans-Siberian railway, both by telegraph and mail, is strictly censored and the inhabitants are not yet aware of the world-historic events that have recently transpired.

Though there is no active rioting at present, Mr. Meyhan stated, among the civilians, the troops are in a constant state of unrest. Wholesale arrests have been made, but nothing seems to stop the quiet propaganda that is being carried on in favor of increased liberty and the establishment of a constitutional monarchy. Vladivostock was ignorant of anything later than the establishment of the Duma, at the time Mr. Meyhan left, and the inhabitants had great faith in what it would do for Russia. When it becomes known that it has practically passed out of existence, he stated, there will doubtless be great disappointment among the people, and probably the rioting and bloodshed that have devastated other portions of the empire will commence in Siberia.

Russia has vast schemes for military occupation in Vladivostock. Conversations Mr. Meyhan had with important military officials confirm him in the belief that in the near future a garrison aggregating nearly 200,000 men will be stationed at that point. These will be drawn largely from the troops of the home of the Cossack, the troops who carry the knout to castigate the populace.

Apart from revolutionary news, Mr. Meyhan gave some interesting particulars regarding business conditions in Siberia. There is a very small number of Europeans, outside Russian subjects, there, and all those who go are exceedingly well received. This is especially true regarding the welcome extended by military and naval officers, who do everything possible for those visiting either for business or pleasure. He had business dealings with them and found everything most satisfactory. Conditions generally are good; money is plentiful and higher retail prices are about 50 per cent. higher than on this shore of the Pacific, there does not appear to be any trouble among the people in obtaining the necessities of life.

It is not, however, a country for the white workingman. Labor is practically all performed by Chinese coolies, and it would be considered a degradation for an European to engage in general manual work. Chinese have also invaded other branches of industry. They are employed in all minor positions in banks and other financial institutions, and are very well thought of by their Russian employers. "I think," said Mr. Meyhan at the close of an interesting interview, "that Siberia will be a great country some day. It is rich in minerals at the coast, and the interior will become a great agricultural country. The Trans-Siberian railway is a monument of engineering skill, and once Russia settles down, either as a limited monarchy or as a republic, her resources will start up and far-reaching importance. I shall certainly go there again, as soon as I can make the necessary business arrangements." He left for his home in Tacoma on Saturday afternoon.

Winston Churchill at Winborne said he believed the constitutional settlement for the Transvaal had been well received in the great colonies of Canada and Australia. He looked forward to the time as not far distant when Africa will take her place by the side of Canada and Australia under the British flag.

In the British museum are bricks taken from the buildings in Nineveh and Babylon which show no sign of decay or disintegration, although the ancients did not burn or bake them, but dried them in the sun.

The Hindu invaders have struck Victoria. It would be amusing were it not so pathetic to see the brightly-robed sons of the tropics wandering aimlessly around the streets. They come to this province with every intention to earn an honest living, but conditions are so different that their efforts meet with ill-success.

About fifteen left the employment of the Vancouver Portland Cement Works, at Totinlet, on Friday and arrived in Victoria on Saturday morning. They wandered around aimlessly all day finally camping on the street line of Fourth street. Without tents, blankets or food they presented a miserable appearance. Finally, on Saturday evening one of them went down town and purchased some lemons, salt and a bag of rice. They are about to light a fire for cooking purposes on the street, but nearby residents objected, and accordingly salt and lemons composed the evening meal.

Conditions were not much improved yesterday. Hardly knowing what to do the unfortunate Hindus wandered around the vicinity of their camp, some of the more adventurous making excursions to the centre of the city. When it commenced to rain yesterday afternoon their condition became even more pitiful. They managed to get a couple of blankets, which were tied to a fence and under these they huddled in a deplorable plight. This was too much for people living in the vicinity, and a message was sent to the Mayor asking what could be done to aid them. A couple of constables were sent to the camp and the Hindus taken to the back of the patrol shed at the city hall, where they still remain.

Quite an Oriental tinge is given to the locality. Lying in picturesque attitudes, on pieces of Japanese matting, some smoking, some sleeping, and all looking worried about their surroundings, they appear a most wretched group. Heavy brass basins here and there and a large black pot of rice are the only evidences of food to be seen, but the indolent sons of India content themselves with very little. Three or four were added to the colony this morning, to be received with Eastern obsequiousness by their fellow countrymen. Only one speaks even imperfect English. He is an old man, a former member of one of the Sikh regiments and was awarded the Victoria medal for one of the Chinese campaigns.

What is to be done with this new type of distressed immigrant is a question that is worrying the Mayor considerably. They attempted to work at Totinlet, but could not stand the dust. Complaints of bronchitis and other troubles seem to be the chief cause of their quitting, and now the city is in a dilemma as to what is to be done with them. The matter will be brought up at the council meeting this evening.

A Los Angeles dispatch to-day says W. H. Whitman, former judge of the Supreme court of Arizona, and later adjutant-general of the territory, is dead at Terminal Island of softening of the brain. Judge Whitman was a native of Ohio and about 60 years old.

Further Consignment Will Shortly Be Sent



**YOU CAN HAVE A Cooling, Refreshing Sea Bath in Your Own Home**  
**CARMEL SEA SALT**  
 It's Perfumed. 15c and 35c Packages.

**Campbell's Drug Store**  
 Corner Douglas and Fort Streets.

**ALL THIS WEEK.**  
**Moving Pictures and Orchestra**  
**At the Gorge Park**

A Complete Change of Programme, both Pictures and Music. Special Car Service every evening. Boats for Hire. Bathing Pavilion Always Open. Suits and Towels for Hire.

**B. C. Electric Ry. Co., Ltd.**

**SATURDAY ONLY**

**CHOICE CREAMERY BUTTER, 25c. per lb.**  
**ARMSTRONG'S NEW HONEY, 25c. per Jar**

**Windsor Grocery Company,**  
 Opposite Post Office. Government St.

**CHINESE WORKERS FOR PANAMA CANAL**

**LABOR LEADER TAKES STAND AGAINST IT**

Chairman Shonts, of Commission, Defends the Decision Reached as Constitutional and Advantageous.

Washington, Aug. 11.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, today issued a statement concerning the action of the isthmian canal commission in deciding to introduce Chinese coolie labor to work in constructing the canal across the isthmus of Panama. The statement is as follows:

"It seems that those in charge of the Panama canal construction have regard for neither law nor principle. First, in the most extraordinary manner the eight-hour law is annulled in the greatest public work ever undertaken by the government under the pretense that conditions there are different than they are in the United States."

"It must appeal to the widest type of that eight hours' work is regarded as sufficient in the comparatively temperate zone of the United States, certainly ten, eleven and even more hours of labor a day in the pestiferous and miasmatic atmosphere of the Panama zone are not only improper, but outrageous and brutal."

"The Chinese law excluded Chinese laborers and coolies from the United States or any of its possessions. The Panama canal zone is an American possession, and that it is as much a violation of the law to bring Chinese coolies there as it is in other portions of our country. I can only say that the commission has secured the opinion of the highest legal authorities of the government."

"It has been held that such law does not apply to the canal zone. The law excluding Chinese from the United States and its possessions was passed March, 1903, and specifically set forth that such laws should only be applicable to territory at that time subject to the authorities of the United States."

"The Canal Zone was acquired subsequent to that date and congress has not extended its provisions so as to embrace the canal zone."

"Mr. Shonts said the West Indian negro labor had been very unsatisfactory, adding:

"We can only get a 60 per cent. efficiency out of the negro workmen. A man has already been sent to Spain to secure Spanish labor. We want to get from Spain about 500 men a month to make up the loss in the working force. We want the sturdy laborers from the north of Spain and we expect to get them."

"Within a very few weeks advertisements will be published calling for 2,500 Chinese laborers. The commission is in favor of this class of labor, and the present lot will be in the nature of an experiment. But it is possible that a large force of Chinese will be at work on the isthmus. The work of preparing the contract will be slow, for we must comply with the laws. In the contracts there must be no appearance of involuntary servitude, the local laws must all be complied with, the treaty regulations must be obeyed."

"Chief Engineer Stevens and myself have handled Chinese labor and we have found the best of them. They do this class of work better than any other."

United States. It is, therefore, not seen why a law passed in the interior of American labor at home should be made applicable to alien labor who probably never heard of its existence. Its application would have increased the labor cost of the canal several million dollars. The American laborer in this country would have to pay his share of the consequent increased taxation without any compensation benefit to himself.

"At the time of my interview with Mr. Gompers in discussing the eight-hour labor law, aside from what I have already said, I stated that my understanding of the reason for the enactment of

The Eight-Hour Law  
 In this country was primarily to give to the highest type of labor in the world longer hours for mental recreation and improvement. But with the lowest class of labor as at Panama, it was more helpful and improving, more in their interests and more an act of kindness than otherwise, to permit them to work ten hours a day and pay them for it because they are paid by the hour.

"As to the statement of Mr. Gompers that the existing law includes Chinese laborers and coolies from the United States or any of its possessions, that the Panama canal zone is an American possession and that it is as much a violation of the law to bring Chinese coolies there as it is in other portions of our country, I can only say that the commission has secured the opinion of the highest legal authorities of the government."

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work, and that is the principal object. We aim to get the strong, husky laborers from the rice fields of Southern China. The importation of Chinese labor does not come under the contract law."

**CONCEALED BOMB.**  
 Lady Visitor at Governor-General Kaibars Sought to Kill Host.

Odessa, Aug. 11.—It was learned from official sources that Barbara Printz, daughter of Lieut.-Gen. Printz, who yesterday made an attempt to fire the palace of Governor-General Kaibars with a bomb hidden in her reticule, arrived here a week ago on the invitation of the daughters of Governor-General Kaibars, with a view to her education. She frequented the general house, watching him closely, preparing to make an attack on his life. Papers found in her room prove that she belonged to the terrorist section of the social revolutionists, and that she came to Odessa commissioned to execute the sentence of death imposed by them on the general.

**AUTOMOBILE AFIRE.**  
 Strange Accident Occurs on the Streets of Los Angeles.

Los Angeles, Aug. 11.—A peculiar automobile accident occurred on Twelfth street about midnight last night, when a big motor car driven by Jack Keogh collided while going 20 miles an hour with a Pica street car. Four occupants of the machine were thrown out and slightly injured and the gasoline tank exploded, setting fire to the car. The machine then swerved and blazing like a wild fire, going a block it ran into the curbing and was completely consumed by the flames. Several passengers on the street car were slightly injured in the panic. The collision occurred while the automobile was dodging a street car.

**FOREIGN COMPANIES.**  
 Select Committee of House of Lords Reports on Security Question.

London, Aug. 11.—In view of the evidence they have heard the committee do not consider that in the interest of British policy-holders it is desirable to compel foreign companies to deposit funds in the country. Thus the select committee of the House of Lords, appointed to inquire into and report on pointed to require the deposit of funds or otherwise to provide adequate security to the British policy-holders in life insurance companies which have their chief offices outside of the United Kingdom, but which carry on business in this country, sums up its findings.

**RAILWAY LOAN.**  
 Japanese Are Financing Road in Southern Manchuria.

Cherofu, Aug. 11.—A Japanese official engineer passed through Cherofu today on his way to Peking with the intention, aided by Chinese officers, of obtaining Chinese support to a loan on the five-hundred miles of railway now operated by Japan in South Manchuria, and upon which it is proposed that Jacob H. Schiff, of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., New York, will also float a loan of \$120,000,000.

**ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION.**  
 The Ball Cartridges Are Believed to Have Been Fired by First Battalion.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 11.—In connection with the attempted assassination of Grand Duke Nicholas Nikolaievitch, president of the council of national defence, it was only after a long investigation that it was found that the ball cartridges were fired by the First Battalion, one of the elite corps of the Russian army.

Suspicion was directed toward the "one-year volunteer" recruits, who, in consideration of their educational qualifications and social position, escaped with only one year instead of four years' service. Many of these recruits are ex-students of universities and are the principal spreaders of the revolutionary propaganda among the troops.

Fully a hundred shots were fired, but the impatience of the conspirators led them to open fire at such a distance as to frustrate their object.

Before the manoeuvres began all the ball cartridges were supposed to have been taken from the troops, and the officers had taken the precaution to make a complete examination

of the cartridge pouches of the soldiers immediately before inauguration of the manoeuvres. Though several arrests had been made, responsibility for the shots fired at Grand Duke Nicholas had not definitely been brought home to any particular culprit.

The troops were advancing by short rushes in open order across a wide level field, firing blank volleys. Grand Duke was in the rear, including Gen. Suraboff, second in command of the Guard corps; adjutants and orderlies; the royal division, including Countess Nirod. Suddenly, when the first echelon of the attacking force, consisting of sharpshooters, was from 60 to 70 yards distant, a bullet sang high overhead, followed by another and still another. The cry was raised:

"They are firing ball," and the group was thrown into great confusion.

After frantic signalling, "Cease firing" was sounded. The shots continued for some time. Grand Duke Nicholas remarked when he rejoined his suite:

"It would be more realistic during manoeuvres if the troops always fired ball cartridges."

How the conspirators obtained ball cartridges has not been ascertained, as the investigation is always called in after the fact. A few yards behind the Grand Duke was a small detachment of troops, which were secured after the dissolution of parliament, when supplies of

Service Ammunition

were issued in anticipation of trouble, and that the troops succeeded in holding them out after the collapse of the strike.

The Grand Duke Nicholas Nikolaievitch, second cousin of the Emperor, was appointed president of the council of national defence in June a year ago, the then existing council of war having proved unsatisfactory. The Grand Duke, who was born in St. Petersburg in 1866, is also an aide-de-camp general, inspector general of cavalry and commander of all the military troops in the district of St. Petersburg, and has been referred to as likely to be appointed dictator in the case of the revolutionary movement.

Russia attaining sufficient strength to warrant the taking of such a step.

**BRITISH PEER IS IN PECULIAR CONDITION**  
 Jury Concludes Marquis of Townshend Is Not Dangerous But Incapable of Business.

London, Aug. 11.—What in legal history will be considered a celebrated case, was concluded today when a jury in the historic old hall of Lincoln's Inn, inquiring into the mental condition of the Marquis of Townshend, returned the curious verdict that his lordship was capable of taking care of himself, being dangerous neither to himself nor others, but that he is of unsound mind so far as managing his affairs are concerned.

The case which has aroused much public interest, developed some sensational as well as unpleasant testimony. It was marked to-day by an extraordinary incident when the jury, against the wish of the judge, insisted on hearing Townshend's testimony in person. The request of the marquis for permission to be present, then, before the lawyers' closing addresses had been concluded, the members of the jury announced that they had made up their minds, and after the judge's charge were out only ten minutes.

It was alleged that the marquis was by one Robbins, whom he had known for 14 years, and the marquis testified that Robbins' intention was to separate him from his wife and to marry her after their marriage.

It developed also that the young marquis, finding his estate heavily mortgaged, was persuaded to seek a wealthy alliance, and one witness testified that his engagement to a rich American heiress had been broken off. Robbins, whose father, a barrister, was an undischarged bankrupt, but whom the marquis and his advisors thought was wealthy.

A Somerset house clerk named Dunne acted as the marriage broker. Townshend signed a contract to pay him 10 per cent. out of whatever moneys were received from the Robbins family. The marquis signed a deed giving \$2,500 to Robbins.

After the marriage took place the marquis and his father agreed to advance or to procure the advance, to the marquis of \$125,000 with the marquis' life interest in the Townshend family estates as security, and further agreed to release the marquis without charge if there was male issue from the union within a year.

Judge Bucknill severely condemned what he termed the deceptions of the Sutherst, especially as Mr. Sutherst was a barrister. The case was notable for flashes of wit and the humorous incidents in which the marquis, who is a very beautiful woman, was prominent.

In fact, as the judge said, if it were not so serious the matter might be compared to a comic opera, recalling the fact that the marquis was once detained by order of the lunacy commissioners and saying that when he wanted to remain away from his wife, as she had testified, she locked him all a room, and that when he wished to do as was to stay at home with his wife, it was alleged he was a lunatic.

The marquis and marchioness were most affectionate during the trial. Her testimony strongly favored his soundness of mind, but was bitterly against the influence of Robbins over him.

**OCTOBERISTS PLATFORM.**  
 Some of the Planks Which That Party Will Advocate.

Moscow, Aug. 11.—At the session of the central committee of the Octoberists to-morrow, at which the platform committee will present a new programme on which the committee expects to appeal to the country at the coming elections, the progressive drift of the country will be recognized by proposals for universal suffrage direct in the cities and in two stages in the country, and the enlargement of the powers of parliament to include a revision of treaties as well as a discussion of land, taxes and concessions.

M. Shipoff, former financial minister, will also propose the organization of the council of the Empire or upper house as an advisory body, with no legislative powers.

The platform takes a negative attitude on the proposition for a general expiration of land, mentioning only a division of state, crown and church land, and an extension of the activity of the local commissions. It will recommend the abolition of the communal system, and all special laws in order to place the peasantry on equal footing with the other classes of the country, and the conditions of the workmen, restricted autonomy for non-Russians, and will declare that the enactment of a measure providing for free education should be the first care of parliament.

**BOUNDARY PRODUCTION.**  
 Tonnage Treated at the Smelters During the Week.

Puget Sound, Aug. 11.—The Boundary ore shipments for the last week were as follows: To Granby smelter, from Granby mines, 18,048 tons; from Emma mine, 32 tons; to Dominion Copper Company smelter, from Brudenry smelter, 2,704 tons; from Brudenry smelter, 2,704 tons; from Sunset, 644 tons; from Mount Holmes, 18 tons; to Trail smelter, from Providence, 30 tons; to Nelson smelter, from Emma mine, 320 tons. The total shipments for the week were 22,475 tons.

The total shipments for the year to date are 793,150 tons.

The Boundary smelters this week treated as follows: Granby smelter, 18,250 tons; Dominion Copper Company smelter, 3,754 tons. Total treatment for the week, 22,004 tons. Total treatment for the year to date, 780,354 tons.

The Claus Smelter, owned by Van Ness Avenue, San Francisco, is to be situated at a cost of \$300,000. According to the terms of the contract it will be ready for occupancy within a year.

**MERE GOVERNMENT CLERKS**  
 Is What Dismissed Ministers Says Premier Stolypin Desired to Make Them.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 11.—Revelations made in an open letter by Count Hayden, Prince Lvloff and M. Shipoff, regarding the cause of the breakdown of the negotiations looking to their entering the cabinet, places Premier Stolypin in a rather bad light. The letters show that the government utterly refused to do anything and the matter of principle, and only tried to give the deal the appearance of liberty by taking in two public men.

Prince Nicholas Lvloff, in his letter, said it was absurd to ask them to become mere government clerks. They have no office and insisted upon getting the portfolios of the interior as vital to obtaining public confidence.

**TRADE INTERFERED WITH.**  
 Steamer Runs Into Span of Bridge at Duluth, Disconcerting Everything.

Duluth, Aug. 11.—At 1 o'clock this morning the steamer Troy, a 6,000-ton steel packet freighter owned by the Western Transit Company, ran into the span of the Interstate bridge and threw it from the pier on which it revolved. Navigation to and from the upper harbor, the most active portion of the head of the lakes, is blocked. Street railway and team traffic between Duluth and Superior is also cut off. The bridge is owned by the Great Northern Railroad. The draw span was 500 feet in length, and one of the largest in the country.

Forty steamers now in the upper harbor are cut off from returning to the lake or to the Duluth side of the harbor. Most of the coal docks are on the upper harbor. The merchandise docks and the shipyards are on the Superior side. Water communication with all this is cut off. The greater part of the tonnage of the Duluth-Superior harbor originates in St. Louis Bay, where the Great Northern, Duluth, Missabe, and Northern routes are located, therefore many thousands of tons of ore will be held up.

**GRANTED REFORM.**  
 The Shah of Persia Has Accorded to Demands of People.

Teheran, Persia, Aug. 11.—The Shah has finally granted the demands of the people for reforms and the refugees who sought the protection of the British legation with the exception of two hundred who have personal claims, have left the legation, and the Mullas who fled from Teheran are returning. Illuminations in honor of the state of things have been ordered throughout the country.

**BRIEF TELEGRAMS.**  
 Formal articles of agreement for the Gane-Nelson fight at Goldfield on September 2nd were signed yesterday. Each posted a forfeit of \$5,000.

King Edward and the Empress of Austria-Bavaria will be godfathers to Emperor William's grandson, whose christening has been postponed from August 12th to August 29th.

The Persian minister late yesterday received official notification that the Persian government had issued a decree granting to the people of that country a national assembly.

Four stock brokerage establishments in New York were raided by the police yesterday and four men arrested on a charge of failure to register a co-partnership. The men arrested were held in \$2,500 bail.

It is announced that the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad will discontinue the services of telegraphers and will control the movements of trains with the automatic block signal system and the additional telephones.

Raising no objection to extradition, Clinton B. Wray left Toronto yesterday afternoon for Buffalo in company with detectives, on the way to Pittsburgh, where he will stand trial for stealing \$125,000 from the Union Trust Company.

H. J. P. Good, of Ontario, writes the London Standard urging the ex-minister of the English government to visit Canada and the Canadian national exhibition, which would afford a practical and pleasant education of the resources of the Dominion.

The federal grand jury for the western district of New York yesterday reported indictments against the Standard Oil Company of New York; the Pennsylvania Railroad and the Vacuum Oil Company, which has refineries at Olean, N. Y., and Rochester.

A dispatch from Dallas, Texas, says five persons were injured Friday in an accident on the Fort Worth & Denver railway near Fruitland. A relief train has gone from there carrying physicians. The wreck occurred on a long curve near Fruitland. The sleeper and one day coach went down a twenty-foot embankment.

**WHY THEY CANCELLED AGENTS.**  
 Wanted a Full and Satisfactory Representation in One Store.

With every faith in the promising future of Victoria the president of the Slater Shoe Company recently dispatched a representative to this city. "Victoria will be one of the finest cities in Canada," he reported. And upon representation made it was decided to cancel the several minor agencies for the Slater Shoe here and hold the city open until an arrangement could be made for a satisfactory and full representation of the many styles of Slater Shoes made for men and women. The Slater franchise was absolutely necessary in view of the many attempts made by other makers to counterfeit the name and trademark of the Slater Shoe and also to afford buyers of shoes the better opportunity of selecting from a complete line of these famous shoes.

**ATTENTION GIVEN TO DEVELOPMENT WORK**  
 At Rossland Mines-Prisoner Tells a Strange Story-Other News of Dominion.

Rossland, B. C., Aug. 11.—Shipments of ore for the past week were somewhat lower than for the week previous as the bigger mines are paying attention chiefly to development work and the addition to their working facilities. An increase in the output in the near future is likely to be the result of the preparation work now in progress. The output was:

Centine Slay, 1,680 tons; Le Roi, 2,610 tons; Le Roi No. 2, 480 tons; total, 4,770 tons.

**Strange Statement.**  
 Kingston, Ont., Aug. 11.—Application is being made to the attorney-general by Chief of Police White for a flat to take Sandy Bedore from the Kingston penitentiary where he is serving a four years' term, to Sharbot lake to make good his statements in connection with the disappearance of two lads four years ago. People thought they were drowned, but Bedore says his brother slew them and he knows where they were buried.

**Will Be Lashed.**  
 London, Ont., Aug. 11.—Arthur Lavigne, recently convicted on two charges of criminal assault on young girls, was sentenced yesterday to four years in Kingston penitentiary and will get twenty-five lashes on his bare back.

**Forest Fires.**  
 St. John, N. B., Aug. 11.—Forest fires are doing great damage in Sussex and Westernmoreland counties.

A Hongkong dispatch says: A British launch, the Wingenat, was attacked by pirates close to Wushow last night. One of her crew was killed and three were taken aboard. The pirates secured about \$200 and a chest of opium.

Thos. H. Gault, of Philadelphia, president of the Corn Products Refining Company, a passenger on the steamer Kaiser Augustus-Victoria, died at sea during the steamer's voyage from Hamburg. Mr. Gault recently went aboard for his health.

A surveying party took passage from Sackville Thursday for Marblemount. Their leader gave an information that they were in the employ of the Great Northern and that the large party of surveyors was to gather at Canoe Pass. They were equipped for a long stay in the hills.

**LAND**  
 482 Acres GOOD Land Comox Valley

A Splendid Speculation; Will be worth \$20,000 in a few years. The bunch for only \$2,950.00.

**H. H. JONES & Co.**  
 REAL ESTATE, FINANCE AND BROKERAGE, PROMIS BLOCK, Phone 142, 46 Government Street.

**Special For Tuesday and Wednesday**

**BOYS' THREE-PIECE DARK TWEED KNICKER SUITS**, well made and trimmed, knickers, vest and coat lined throughout, buttonholes silk attached, coats have four pockets, vests four pockets, knickers three pockets, cut in this season's new sack shape. All sizes from 27 to 32. A perfect fitting suit, at one special price of

**\$3.50 the Suit**

**W. G. CAMERON**  
 55 JOHNSON STREET

**SHOW CASES**  
 We manufacture Up-to-Date Show Cases, Bank, Store, Hotel and Office Fixtures, Wall Cases, Counters, Shelving, Sashes, Desks, Art Grills and Mirrors. Under Furniture a Specialty.

**DICKSON & HOWES,**  
 Phone 1108, 121-123 Johnson St.

**JUST ARRIVED**  
 Large shipment of Chinese Pongee silks, best qualities; also Japanese Cotton Crepe, of all colors and prices, for sale by piece or by yard, or in any quantity required, at lowest prices.

**WAH YUN & CO.**  
 15 and 25 Comorant Street, Next the Fire Department. Telephone 134.

**TALKING PARROTS**  
 From \$5 up. Shipped safely to any point by express. Write for Price List. We make specially low prices to get these birds in all parts of Canada to advertise COTTAM BIRD SEED

**COTTAM BIRD SEED**  
 24 BATHURST ST., LONDON, ONT.

**Desirable Homes at Low Prices**  
 We have three choice lots on Bellot street, near the railway station, and four on Heyward avenue, which we will build residences to suit, and sell on easy terms.

Moore & Williamson, contractors, phone A256. Agents for the Moore-Williamson Lumber Co. Rough and dressed lumber, shingles and mouldings for sale. Mill phone, B3108.

**The Seamen's Institute**  
 11 LANGLAY STREET.  
 Free reading room for seamen and seafaring men. Open daily from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. Sunday, 2 to 8 p. m.

**Ladies' Tailoring Parlors**  
 ROOM 3, MOODY BLOCK.  
**SPRINKLING & CO.**  
 MERCHANT TAILORS.  
 Room 2, Moody Block, Upstairs.  
 70% YATES STREET.

**J. E. PAINTER**  
 GENERAL TEAMSTER.  
 WOOD AND COAL At Current Rates.  
 Wood cut any required length by electric machinery. Truck and Dray work promptly attended to.  
 RESIDENCE, 11 PINE ST. V. W.

**THE NORTH-WESTERN SANITARIUM**  
 Located at Fort Townsend, Wash., opened to receive patients June fourteenth, nineteen hundred and six. It is to be conducted on the famous Battle Creek, Mich., Sanitarium plan. Beautiful location, excellent climate, building with all modern improvements, fully equipped for the caring of the sick. Medical and surgical. For full particulars address W. R. SIMMONS, M. D., Superintendent, or Sanitarium, Fort Townsend, Wash.

**What is a Backache?**  
 IT IS NATURE'S WARNING TO WOMEN

Diseases of Women's Organs Cured and Consequent Pain Stopped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"It seems as though my back would break." Women utter these words over and over again, but continue to drag along and suffer with aches in the small of the back, pain low down in the side, "bearing-down" pains, nervousness and no ambition for any task.



They do not realize that the back is the mapping of woman's organism, and quickly indicates by aching a diseased condition of the female organs or kidneys, and that the aches and pains will continue until the cause is removed.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been for many years the one and only effective remedy in such cases. It speeds up female organs and kidney disorders and restores the female organs to a healthy condition.

"I suffered a long time with female trouble, having intense pains in the back and abdomen and very sick headaches every month. I was tired and nervous all the time and life looked very dreary to me and I had no desire to live until I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and to get some relief. My recovery was slow but it was sure, and I never regretted the money spent for the compound as it brought me back to good health."

"It seems to be a medicine especially adapted to the life of our sex and I am glad to say a good word for it."—Mrs. Albert Mann, 124 Gore Vale Ave., Toronto, Ont.

No other person can give such helpful advice to women who are sick as can Mrs. Pinkham, daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham. Her address is Lynn, Mass., and her advice free.

**LAND**  
 482 Acres GOOD Land Comox Valley

A Splendid Speculation; Will be worth \$20,000 in a few years. The bunch for only \$2,950.00.



# ANHEUSER-BUSCH -BEER- TRADE SUPPLIED BY R. P. Rithet & Co. Ltd.

## THE REASON WHY

Our prices on  
PRESCRIPTIONS  
are SO EXTREMELY  
MODERATE  
is because we do the  
LARGEST  
Prescription Trade  
and can buy  
PURE Drugs  
at Bedrock Prices

## HALL'S CENTRAL DRUG STORE

N. E. Corner Yates and Douglas  
Victoria, B. C.

## THE NEW GRAND

SULLIVAN & CONSIDINE, Props.  
ROBT. JAMIESON, Mgr.  
General Admission, 50c. Entire Lower  
Floor and First Six Rows of Bal-  
cony, 25c. Box Seats, 50c.

Week 13th August.  
THE SAILOR AND THE HORSE.  
THE GARNETTES.  
CORA BEECH TURNER.  
EDDIE GREY & CO.  
FREDERIC ROBERTS.  
N. O. MOVING PICTURES.  
PROF. M. NAGEL'S ORCHESTRA.

### A. O. F.

## GRAND RE-UNION OF FORESTERS AT NANAIMO

On AUGUST 18, 1906

Cheap Excursion  
from Victoria

\$1.50 the Round Trip.

Children under 12, 75c

Trains leave Victoria at 4 a. m. sharp.

### A UNIQUE TROPHY.

Sir Thos. Shaughnessy Presents a Cup  
to Encourage Fruit Growing.

Sir Thos. Shaughnessy, president  
of the C. P. F., has notified the  
directors of the Nelson exhibition, which  
takes place on September 19, 20 and 21,  
that fulfilling a promise made when  
visiting the exhibition last year, he is  
sending a handsome sterling silver  
cup, made of silver mined, smelted and  
refined in British Columbia, to be  
offered as a prize for fruit or as the  
directors shall designate at this year's  
fair. Sir Thos. adds that the gift is  
a personal one, and not presented by  
him in his official capacity. The incident  
has naturally been very well re-  
ceived in Nelson.

For pure Cocoa, see that the tin has the Maple Leaf label on it

## Cowan's Perfection Cocoa

(Maple Leaf Label) Our Trade Mark.

Is the purest, most nutritious and most economical made.  
It costs less than half a cent a cup.

THE COWAN CO., Ltd.

TORONTO

## CARMEN TO HAVE ANNUAL OUTING

### SPLENDID PROGRAMME FOR COMING PICNIC

The Local Street Railwaymen Will Enter-  
tain Their Friends at Sidney--  
Baseball Match.

The courtesy extended by the street  
railwaymen to the travelling public as  
servants of the B. C. Electric Railway  
Company is proverbial. It is certain  
that courtesy will be enlarged when  
the boys are entertaining the public  
on their own.

That being the case there should be a large attendance at  
the "second annual picnic" of the local  
union which is to be held at Sidney  
on Wednesday. The programme of  
sports is a long one—125 prizes to be  
contested. All classes of the community  
have been provided for, and arrange-  
ments have been made for the supply of hot  
water and refreshments on the grounds.

Special trains will leave the Market  
station at 7.45 and 10 a. m. and 2 p. m.  
Ample provision has been made for the  
return journey, as there will be trains  
leaving at 6 and 9 p. m. and at mid-  
night. The Fifth Regiment band will  
be in attendance all day and provide  
dance music for those inclined in that  
direction. Commencing at 10 a. m. with  
a baseball match between the Oak Bay  
nine and a team from the union, the  
festivities will be continued with the  
following splendid programme of races:

No. 1. Girls' Race, 5 years and under,  
25 yards—1st, doll, cup and saucer, and  
1st, presented by M. R. Kral; 2nd, choco-  
lates, presented by M. R. Kral; 3rd, 4th,  
5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th,  
13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th,  
21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th,  
29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th,  
37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th,  
45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd,  
53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th,  
61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th,  
69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th,  
77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th,  
85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd,  
93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th,  
101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th,  
108th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 112th, 113th, 114th,  
115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st,  
122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th.

No. 2. Boys' Race, 5 years and under, 50  
yards—1st, doll, cup and saucer, and  
1st, presented by M. R. Kral; 2nd, choco-  
lates, presented by M. R. Kral; 3rd, 4th,  
5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th,  
13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th,  
21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th,  
29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th,  
37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th,  
45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd,  
53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th,  
61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th,  
69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th,  
77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th,  
85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd,  
93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th,  
101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th,  
108th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 112th, 113th, 114th,  
115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st,  
122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th.

No. 3. Girls' Race, 10 years and under, 100  
yards—1st, doll, cup and saucer, and  
1st, presented by M. R. Kral; 2nd, choco-  
lates, presented by M. R. Kral; 3rd, 4th,  
5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th,  
13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th,  
21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th,  
29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th,  
37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th,  
45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd,  
53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th,  
61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th,  
69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th,  
77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th,  
85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd,  
93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th,  
101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th,  
108th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 112th, 113th, 114th,  
115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st,  
122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th.

No. 4. Boys' Race, 10 years and under, 100  
yards—1st, doll, cup and saucer, and  
1st, presented by M. R. Kral; 2nd, choco-  
lates, presented by M. R. Kral; 3rd, 4th,  
5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th,  
13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th,  
21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th,  
29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th,  
37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th,  
45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd,  
53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th,  
61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th,  
69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th,  
77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th,  
85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd,  
93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th,  
101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th,  
108th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 112th, 113th, 114th,  
115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st,  
122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th.

No. 5. Girls' Race, 15 years and under, 150  
yards—1st, doll, cup and saucer, and  
1st, presented by M. R. Kral; 2nd, choco-  
lates, presented by M. R. Kral; 3rd, 4th,  
5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th,  
13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th,  
21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th,  
29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th,  
37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th,  
45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd,  
53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th,  
61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th,  
69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th,  
77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th,  
85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd,  
93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th,  
101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th,  
108th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 112th, 113th, 114th,  
115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st,  
122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th.

No. 6. Boys' Race, 15 years and under, 150  
yards—1st, doll, cup and saucer, and  
1st, presented by M. R. Kral; 2nd, choco-  
lates, presented by M. R. Kral; 3rd, 4th,  
5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th,  
13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th,  
21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th,  
29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th,  
37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th,  
45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd,  
53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th,  
61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th,  
69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th,  
77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th,  
85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd,  
93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th,  
101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th,  
108th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 112th, 113th, 114th,  
115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st,  
122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th.

No. 7. Girls' Race, 20 years and under, 200  
yards—1st, doll, cup and saucer, and  
1st, presented by M. R. Kral; 2nd, choco-  
lates, presented by M. R. Kral; 3rd, 4th,  
5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th,  
13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th,  
21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th,  
29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th,  
37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th,  
45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd,  
53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th,  
61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th,  
69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th,  
77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th,  
85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd,  
93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th,  
101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th,  
108th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 112th, 113th, 114th,  
115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st,  
122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th.

No. 8. Boys' Race, 20 years and under, 200  
yards—1st, doll, cup and saucer, and  
1st, presented by M. R. Kral; 2nd, choco-  
lates, presented by M. R. Kral; 3rd, 4th,  
5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th,  
13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th,  
21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th,  
29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th,  
37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th,  
45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd,  
53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th,  
61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th,  
69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th,  
77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th,  
85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd,  
93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th,  
101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th,  
108th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 112th, 113th, 114th,  
115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st,  
122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th.

No. 9. Girls' Race, 25 years and under, 250  
yards—1st, doll, cup and saucer, and  
1st, presented by M. R. Kral; 2nd, choco-  
lates, presented by M. R. Kral; 3rd, 4th,  
5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th,  
13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th,  
21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th,  
29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th,  
37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th,  
45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd,  
53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th,  
61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th,  
69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th,  
77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th,  
85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd,  
93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th,  
101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th,  
108th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 112th, 113th, 114th,  
115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st,  
122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th.

No. 10. Boys' Race, 25 years and under, 250  
yards—1st, doll, cup and saucer, and  
1st, presented by M. R. Kral; 2nd, choco-  
lates, presented by M. R. Kral; 3rd, 4th,  
5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th,  
13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th,  
21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th,  
29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th,  
37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th,  
45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd,  
53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th,  
61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th,  
69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th,  
77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th,  
85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd,  
93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th,  
101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th,  
108th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 112th, 113th, 114th,  
115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st,  
122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th.

pup, pound keeper; 4th, six pair, socks.  
No. 26. Farmers' race, 100 yards—1st,  
hat, Finch & Finch; 2nd, Bighorn shirt,  
Turner, Boston & Co.; 3rd, goods, value  
\$1. Sylvester Bros.; 4th, camp chair, F.  
Jeune.

No. 27. One mile, employees only—1st,  
cup, Shinkens & Co. to be won twice  
in succession; 2nd, rolled oats, Brackman-  
Ker; 3rd, six pair gloves, Army & Navy;  
4th, Sylvester Bros.; 5th, camp chair, F.  
Jeune.

No. 28. Committee men's race, 100 yards  
1st, rocking chair, Finch & Finch; 2nd,  
goods, A. J. Clyde; 3rd, umbrella, Mc-  
Candless Bros.; 4th, meat, Goodacre &  
Sons.

No. 29. Committee men's race, 100 yards  
1st, rocking chair, Finch & Finch; 2nd,  
goods, A. J. Clyde; 3rd, umbrella, Mc-  
Candless Bros.; 4th, meat, Goodacre &  
Sons.

No. 30. Potato race, ladies only—1st,  
table, G. Carter & Co.; 2nd, box  
of soap, J. H. Kral; 3rd, goods, value  
\$1.50, G. A. Richardson; 4th, pipe,  
T. Gold.

No. 31. Trackmen's race—1st, box tea,  
Simpson & Co.; 2nd, box fruit, Baker &  
Sons; 3rd, sack flour, J. Kral; 4th, pipe,  
T. Gold.

No. 32. Sweethearts of employees—1st,  
umbrella, Westcott Bros.; 2nd, goods,  
value \$1.50, G. A. Richardson; 3rd, jar-  
dinere, A. Edwards.

No. 33. Merchants' clerks—1st, Daily  
Colonist one year; 2nd, meal ticket, G.  
H. Kral; 3rd, goods, T. Pimley; 4th, goods,  
A. P. H.

No. 34. Managers, superintendents and  
foremen's race—1st, six bottles Scotch  
whisky, R. P. Rithet & Co.; 2nd, Scotch  
whisky, R. P. Rithet & Co.; 3rd, Scotch  
whisky, R. P. Rithet & Co.; 4th, Scotch  
whisky, R. P. Rithet & Co.

No. 35. Wives of employees—1st, silver  
vase, F. S. Barnard; 2nd, ferns, J. T.  
Hawthornthwaite; 3rd, ferns, J. T.  
Hawthornthwaite; 4th, ferns, J. T.  
Hawthornthwaite.

No. 36. Victoria Cross race—1st, pipe,  
T. Mead; 2nd, lamp, Geo. Powell; 2nd, per-  
fume, J. T. Hawthornthwaite; 3rd, goods,  
H. Kral; 4th, goods, H. Kral.

No. 37. Quarter-mile, employees—1st, B.  
C. Electric Railway challenge cup, to be  
won three times in succession; 2nd, Kad-  
semine tankard, Challoner & Mitchell;  
3rd, out glass, deater, F. S. Barnard;  
4th, goods, Hawkins & Hayward.

No. 38. Wives of employees—1st, silver  
vase, F. S. Barnard; 2nd, ferns, J. T.  
Hawthornthwaite; 3rd, ferns, J. T.  
Hawthornthwaite; 4th, ferns, J. T.  
Hawthornthwaite.

No. 39. Wives of employees—1st, silver  
vase, F. S. Barnard; 2nd, ferns, J. T.  
Hawthornthwaite; 3rd, ferns, J. T.  
Hawthornthwaite; 4th, ferns, J. T.  
Hawthornthwaite.

No. 40. Wives of employees—1st, silver  
vase, F. S. Barnard; 2nd, ferns, J. T.  
Hawthornthwaite; 3rd, ferns, J. T.  
Hawthornthwaite; 4th, ferns, J. T.  
Hawthornthwaite.

No. 41. Wives of employees—1st, silver  
vase, F. S. Barnard; 2nd, ferns, J. T.  
Hawthornthwaite; 3rd, ferns, J. T.  
Hawthornthwaite; 4th, ferns, J. T.  
Hawthornthwaite.

## ANNUAL J. B. A. A. RACES SATURDAY

### ROWING CONTESTS ATTRACTED CROWDS

Some Exciting Aquatic Competitions Took  
Place Over Harbor Course—Tennis  
Players Return

A large crowd assembled at the J. B.  
A. Club house on Saturday after-  
noon to witness the sixteenth annual  
regatta of that association. The build-  
ing was gay with flags and bunting,  
the balcony, where gathered a number  
of the prominent supporters of the in-  
stitution and their friends, was pro-  
fusely decorated, while the boat house  
was the scene of unprecedented activi-  
ty from the time the opening race  
was called until the finish. While the  
accommodation all along the water  
front, and even as far away from the  
course as the James Bay causeway,  
was occupied, the plan of witnessing  
the contests from the water appeared  
to be the most popular. Small boats  
and canoes dotted the water in all di-  
rections, while launches followed the  
racing shells to the starting point,  
watched them get away, and followed  
them to the finish.

The most interesting of the races  
were, undoubtedly, those first called.  
The junior fours, in which a number  
of younger oarsmen of the club tried  
conclusions, was a struggle well worth  
watching. It was nip-and-tuck from  
the first stroke, and the four stroked  
by J. Heyland managed to cross the  
line just a little in advance of the others.

In the Elmsfield cup competition  
the conditions were much the same. C.  
S. Finlayson, who acted as stroke for  
the winners, had to sail upon his men  
for a short time before the start.  
Had those behind him not re-  
sponded in splendid fashion, the rival  
four would have been able to capture  
the trophy. But they could not over-  
come the lead thus obtained, and the  
Finlayson stalwarts paddled back to  
the club house triumphant and open to  
receive the many congratulations that  
were showered upon them.

There was only one regrettable fea-  
ture to the races, and that was the  
somewhat tedious waits



## THE DAILY TIMES

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## AS OTHERS SEE US.

We are told by an authority whose sincerity is beyond question that nothing is being done as it ought to be done at the seat of government in Ottawa. It is said of natural law that "what-ever is right." From a certain peculiar political point of view, "whatever is right" is wrong. There is yet one consoling feature in the situation: the country is all right. It is doing well; vastly better than could have been expected considering that the political times are so out of joint. Canada is so exceedingly prosperous, in point of fact, that the people are too busy to pay any attention to the vagaries of politicians who insist on the rising of the sun with the morning paper to the going down thereof in the evening publication that there is no health in the national body, and that there is no hope of ultimate salvation except through a change of government.

The very latest discovery—one of many peculiar discoveries—is that the census of the Northwest is far from satisfactory. The immigration of which we have heard so much is a myth. Where the people have gone to is one of the mysteries. They have apparently come into the country. The appearance of Atlantic steamers as they land at the docks, the very presence of the multitudes first on the wharves and then on the trains, is proof that cannot be denied. Train loads of them have arrived daily from the south. And they have all dispersed themselves over the face of the land. But still the census returns are not satisfactory—from the Tory point of view. It is highly improbable that the great harvest now white and ready for the sickle will satisfy the hearts which are a-hunger, for evidence of real prosperity. It will be held that if the efforts of the government had been properly directed—if the majority of the people knocking into the country had not again escaped from it—there would have been no lack of labor to assist in the gathering of the harvest and to help in the construction of the thousands of miles of railway projected in anticipation of the greater harvests yet to come.

Nevertheless we have other authorities than the census enumerators in proof of the fact that the people are actually coming in, while there is also very substantial reasons for the belief that they are applying their energies and their talents to some purpose after they arrive. And while the immigration has been of considerable proportions this year, wait until you see us a year hence when the fame of our wheat fields and our orchards becomes spread thoroughly abroad through all the world. The people of the nations have only just begun to talk about us. One authority, the London Financial News, says "that Canada at present looms very big in the eyes of the British public is an undeniable fact; that she will loom even bigger still during the next few years is almost as certain. Her appeals are made from two directions: first, as a source of cheap labor for intending emigrants; secondly, as a source of cheap capital. With the former we are not here primarily concerned; but as regards Canada from the point of view of the British investor, there are many reasons—some general, others particular—why Canada should be a favorite field. In the first place, it is a British colony, and, ceteris paribus, there is no doubt that the ordinary Englishman prefers to invest his money in something under the jurisdiction of the old flag, rather than in foreign countries. The blessings of a settled government, with no fear of revolutions, or uprisings, give additional security. True, in Lower Canada, and especially the

province of Quebec, there is a very large French population; but it is universally known that there are no more loyal subjects of the Empire than your French-Canadians. As regards the native population, it may be said that the Red Indian—never very prolific—is, unfortunately, slowly, but surely, becoming extinct, and, in any case, exercises no influence, politically, socially, or industrially. There is no likelihood of the country being disturbed by any great labor question such as is now paralyzing South Africa in regard to the employment of the Chinese. Canada governs herself, and will not allow her resources to be used to facilitate political intrigue in the Mother Country. Even that almost universal part of modern industrial life, the unceasing conflict between the opposing forces of labor and capital, does not appear likely to assume an acute stage, for a considerable time to come, if at all. . . . With regard to the more concrete reasons for Canada's future prosperity, they may be said to be primarily due to the vast natural resources of the country. It is a country containing immense grain-growing areas, second to none in the world as regards productivity. Unfathomable forests of the finest timber, and, with magnificent waterways for the easy transshipment of it together with very great sources of wealth in its mines, fisheries and fur-producing animals. With regard to its grain-producing powers, it has aptly been described as the granary of the Empire. Last year the total yield was computed, at export prices, to represent a value of \$137,325,000, and it is confidently expected that this year's output will be greatly increased every succeeding year. One very convincing proof of the richness and utility of these lands is afforded by the large number of American farmers who have in recent years crossed over from the United States of America and taken up holdings in Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba. . . . Canadian mines are in a somewhat peculiar position. Those principally known to the British public are the gold mines of British Columbia. These, owing to various reasons which space will not permit to be entered upon here, have had in the past a somewhat sensational career; but there is now no reason why they should not, with the new methods of treating low-grade ores, become valuable properties. Apart from these British Columbian mines, Canada possesses much mineral wealth. . . . The one great factor which has prevented Canada from making greater progress in the past has been undoubtedly the comparative smallness of its population. The defect is now being rapidly remedied. Each succeeding year sees greater numbers of immigrants pouring in, principally from the British Isles and the United States, the latter comprising over 30 per cent. of the total. The number of immigrants last year was considerably over twice as many as that three years previously, and the leading emigration officials are confidently looking forward to fresh records this year. Side by side with this increase in the population there has been a remarkable increase in the revenue of the country, which during the last ten years has increased from \$38,574,693 in 1894 to \$70,669,317 in 1904. With a rapidly increasing population, the opening up of fresh territories by means of new railways, such as the Grand Trunk Pacific, there is no doubt that the wealth of the Dominion will increase by leaps and bounds, and the country afford a safe and profitable field for the British investor for many years to come."

THAT NORTHERN "BUSINESS" TRIP.

Premier McBride's northern tour, according to the strictly authentic but probably somewhat biased record of his personal chronicler, was one grand triumphal procession from the beginning to the end thereof. We are told in effect that there was not a discordant note in the grand chorus of laudation—no, not one. And that reminds us of the authorized version of a certain meeting held on Salt Spring Island, a meeting which determined a would-be candidate that the islands would be a very safe constituency to keep away from until public feeling had either completely boiled over or simmered down to normal temperature. According to the Atlin Claim, which is quite friendly to the government, the Premier was listened to with patience by the people assembled to hear him in Atlin while he told them with his usual vehemence and accompanying fistic emphasis, and with a gravity of countenance becoming such a declaration, that "instead of being under the thumb of corporations, they (the government) had increased the taxes on railways and in other ways had shifted the burden of taxation from the shoulders of those most able to bear it, and were now placing it on the shoulders of the poor man as far as possible." Of course if the statement of the Premier were true, as every farmer in the community knows it is not, the increased taxation would not be taken by the railways out of the pockets of the people they serve! Certainly not. The directors of the companies would plunge their hands into their own pockets, pull out the money and deliver it over to the treasury! That is the manner in which corporations are in the habit of doing business. Still, no one pays any attention to what Premier McBride says. It is expected of him it is entirely accord with his record that he shall say just

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What's in a Name?

Much more than most people are inclined to think. For instance, when you simply ask your grocer for biscuits you get ordinary biscuits, but when you ask him for

Huntley & Palmers' BISCUITS

You get the BEST BISCUITS in the world, a point worth remembering.

H. P. 1462.

CAST IRON PIPES MAY BE ADOPTED

COMMITTEE'S REPORT MIGHT BE AMENDED

Proposal to Eliminate Meters From Scheme—Mayor Makes Statement of Position.

such things and that the more childish his utterances appear to persons who have given over childish things the more portentous and important and emphatic he must appear as he gives expression to them. Nevertheless there was at least one man in Atlin whose patience gave out as he listened to the "blithering" of Mr. McBride. This bold person, named Wood, declared at one of the meetings that he wished to put himself on record as declaring the "McBride government the weakest British Columbia ever had," and that the government itself was governed by Socialists. It seems also that this audacious personage, who thus flew in the face of the Premier, had the further effrontery to move a resolution condemning a certain action of the government, and that this resolution was carried unanimously. On the whole we fear the political situation, even in the light in which it is viewed by the Premier—which is naturally a roseate light—is not such as to encourage a discouraged leader in the belief that the immediate future would be a good time to ask for a dissolution of the legislature.

Yesterday's unusual precipitation neither solved nor shelved the water problem. It will be up for discussion to-night, and we shall see whether public opinion has affected the aldermanic point of view.

If the population of the Northwest bears any reasonable relation to the number of accidents occurring there, it must be growing very fast indeed.

The committee of the Shawanigan lake regatta has decided to have an annual event of the same character. Secretary E. W. Blake desires to thank those who contributed to generously to the prize list. Besides those already published other donors were J. A. Grant, G. F. Giles, G. W. Anderson, E. F. Robinson, G. Fox, H. Cathcart, R. Carter, P. G. Cudlip, W. Ditchburn and Mrs. M. King.

There was a large attendance yesterday afternoon at Gorge park when the Fifth Regiment band rendered a splendid musical programme, including two new selections given for the first time in this city.

The rainstorm yesterday proved most useful. It put out a large number of small fires in the vicinity of Victoria and prevented considerable damage being done.

The usual monthly meeting of the St. Andrew's Society will be held in Sir William Wallace hall this evening.

IT RINGS IN YOUR EARS.

That same cough is everywhere you go, deep and hollow because consumptive. First it was catarrh which could have been cured by Catarrhoxone. Moral, never neglect a cold, never trifle with catarrh, go to your druggist and get Catarrhoxone. Its instant death to colds, cures them in a few minutes. Throat trouble and catarrh disappear as by magic. Catarrhoxone is the great throat, nose and bronchial remedy today. Thousands use it, doctors prescribe it, because it does relieve quickly and cure thoroughly. Two sizes, 25c and \$1.00 at all dealers.

David Spencer Ltd.

WESTERN CANADA'S BIG STORE

STEADY, ONWARD MARCH OF THE FURNITURE SALE

The chief element of strength in all our Sales has been their GENUINENESS. The facts as told in print have always corresponded in spirit as well as letter with the facts as shown by closest scrutiny of the goods themselves.

The Spencer Stores in Victoria, Vancouver and Nanaimo do the largest Retail Business in the West. Their combined buying power gives many advantages in the market. These advantages are being made manifest every day.

BUFFETS TO THE FRONT FOR TUESDAY

BUFFETS

Quarter Cut Oak Buffet: circular glass for china display, two small drawers, one large. Regular \$45.00. Sale, \$38.00.

Weathered Oak Buffet: large bevel mirror, Gothic style. Regular \$37.50. Sale, \$45.00.

Weathered Oak Buffet: two drawers, cupboard and shelf. Regular \$29.00. Sale, \$22.50.

Extra Large Weathered Oak Buffet: five drawers and fancy leaded lights for cupboard. Regular \$64.00. Sale, \$47.00.

Weathered Oak Dinner Wagon: very neat style. Regular \$19.50. Sale, \$14.00.

Weathered Oak Dinner Wagon: Mission style. Regular \$12.00. Sale, \$9.50.

Quarter Cut Oak Dinner Wagon: high smooth top. Regular \$12.00. Sale, \$8.75.

Highly Polished Dinner Wagon: quarter cut oak. Regular \$17.50. Sale, \$14.00.

One Solid Mahogany Buffet: extra high polish. Regular \$125.00. Sale, \$85.00.

Quarter Cut Oak Sideboard: very handsome design. Regular \$47.50. Sale, \$35.00.

Extra High Polish Quarter Cut Oak Sideboard: large double mirror. Regular \$57.00. Sale, \$43.00.

Quarter Cut Oak Sideboard: large bevel mirror, swell front top, fancy shaped drawers. Regular \$63.00. Sale, \$52.00.

Highly Polished Sideboard: quarter cut oak, swell front drawers, specially selected pieces, fancy front. Regular \$65.00. Sale, \$48.00.

Quarter Cut Oak Sideboard: swell front drawers, fancy decoration on top. Regular \$48.50. Sale, \$38.00.

Highly Polished Quarter Cut Oak Sideboard: extra large drawers and cupboard. Regular \$54.00. Sale, \$45.00.

Handsome Quarter Cut Oak Sideboard: swell front drawers with extra large bevel mirror. Regular \$45.00. Sale, \$36.00.

Cathedral Style Weathered Oak Sideboard: large bevel mirror, very handsome design. Regular \$55.00. Sale, \$42.00.

Handsome Weathered Oak Sideboard and China Cabinet Combined: cathedral style. Regular \$85.00. Sale, \$62.00.

Handsome Fleming Oak Sideboard: extra high polish, large plate glass mirror. Regular \$125.00. Sale, \$85.00.

Weathered Oak Double Mirror Sideboard. Regular \$68.00. Sale, \$54.00.

Weathered Oak Sideboard: large bevel mirror, fancy leaded glass. Regular \$44.00. Sale, \$47.00.

Quarter Cut Oak China Closet: swell glass front with mirror in back. Regular \$52.50. Sale, \$39.00.

Golden Oak China Closet: Regular \$22.50. Sale, \$18.00.

Handsome Quarter Cut Oak China Closet. Regular \$13.50. Sale, \$10.00.

Large Quarter Cut Oak China Cabinet. Regular \$19.50. Sale, \$15.00.

Golden Oak China Closet: oval mirror on top. Regular \$16.50. Sale, \$12.00.

Extra Large Golden Oak China Closet, double drawers. Regular \$47.50. Sale, \$36.00.

Weathered Oak China Closet: Gothic style with bevel mirror in back. Regular \$30.00. Sale, \$22.50.

Weathered Oak China Closet: four shelves, fancy paneling around glass. Regular \$25.00. Sale, \$18.00.

Sideboard and China Closet Combination: in quarter cut oak; fancy leaded glass, swell front drawer. Regular \$85.00. Sale, \$45.00.

Other Sections of the Store that are offering SOME EXTRA INDUCEMENTS

Men's Clothing Section SUITS at \$5.00

Women's Wearing Apparel SUITS at \$2.50 & \$4.50

Housefurnishings LINOLEUMS, at 50c. and \$1.00

Rest for Tired Eyes.

DO YOUR EYES TIRE EASILY? IF SO YOU NEED GLASSES.

DOES THE TYPE BECOME BLURRED IN READING? IF SO YOU NEED GLASSES.

DO YOUR EYES BURN? IF SO YOU NEED GLASSES.

DO YOU SUFFER FROM FRONTAL HEADACHES? IF SO GLASSES WILL GIVE YOU RELIEF.

Ask yourself the above questions, and if any of these symptoms trouble you consult our expert optician and let him fit you with glasses that will relieve you.

We make no charge for examination, and can supply you with glasses from \$2.00 up.

C. E. REDFERN, 43 Govt. St.

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VICTORIA, B.C.

DEALERS AND IMPORTERS OF

General Hardware

P. O. DRAWER 612. PHONE 59.

engineers to wooden pipes. He stated: "There has been considerable discussion as to the merits of wooden pipe; it is recognized that it is well adapted for the purpose, and is economical under certain limiting conditions of head (Trans. Am. Soc. C. E. Vol. XLII). With considerable heads the steel hands require to be so closely spaced as to render it costly. It is hard to say what would be the ultimate effect of saturating a wooden pipe with the filthy liquid now supplied."

It may be said the authority quoted fully bears out his statement, but it is of such a voluminous and technical nature as to prevent a readable and just synopsis being given.

Mayor Morley enunciated his position on the water question very clearly in conversation with a Times representative this morning. Despite the innumerable communications to the newspapers, purporting to come from citizens thoroughly conversant with the prevailing conditions, he still maintains a stand much the same as that previously outlined in these columns. It is his firm conviction that the Elk lake supply, properly distributed, is sufficient for the needs of the community for many years to come. As to the quality of the water he affirms that it is as good as could be desired. Taken at the lake and analyzed it would be found to be fully equal, if not superior to, that obtained in Victoria West.

In the course of conversation along this line Mayor Morley expressed the wish that his contention upon the aforementioned point be made as distinct as printed words could make an idea. The Elk lake water was good before entering the system of pipes, which carried it throughout the residential sections of the city. But in the course of that transportation it, undoubtedly, became more or less contaminated. This was the result of the city's "neglect," and His Worship laid particular emphasis upon that word.

It was not his desire to lay blame anywhere. Up to the present time the expenditure upon maintaining and improving the Elk lake system had been kept as low as possible. Presumably this was done deliberately with the notion that the system ultimately would have to be practically abandoned in favor of Goldstream or some other proposition. Under the circumstances, he continued, what could be expected? It stood to reason that if insufficient attention was given to the system to the filter beds and to the system generally that it would deteriorate, and that the evidence of that would be an appreciable falling off in the quality of the lake water. Such an argument he thought was sound, and could not be refuted by any intelligent person.

Returning to his proposition, he outlined it briefly as follows: To replace the

and to undertake such other improvements as are considered necessary to put the present system in operation upon the most efficient and economical basis. That was the scheme in a nutshell. Then the Mayor continued, three-quarters of the water would flow into the city by means of gravity, leaving only the remaining quarter to pump. At the present time approximately three-quarters of the supply was being forced at an annual expenditure of some \$2,000. In conjunction with the water commissioner he had gone into the question carefully. Their figures, most laboriously checked for accuracy, demonstrated that almost the whole of the interest and sinking fund of the expenditure upon a new main would be met by the saving in what it now costs the corporation for pumping. This was a fact, and was open to proof on the part of anyone sufficiently interested to investigate.

With plenty of water, and it was acknowledged that the Elk lake supply

was sufficient to keep Victoria going for many years, and a thirty-inch main, the community would have a small river flowing right into its heart, the pressure of which would be increased to almost any degree desired in the event of emergency. What more could be wanted? Having accomplished that much economically it would be time enough to look around for future contingencies. Of course he didn't pretend to say that Elk lake would do Victoria for all time. But he presumed would meet the situation for years and give citizens an opportunity to look around and measure their position deliberately, untroubled by the necessity of undue haste.

Speaking of Victoria's future needs, His Worship expressed the opinion that the choice would be between the Goldstream and Highland proposals. Personally he was inclined to favor the latter, however, this was a question which he believed was outside the issue now. It could be debated upon its merits in the



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If you want white teeth, hard red gums, and a sweet, healthy and pure breath, get some

**Bowes' Antiseptic Tooth Paste,**  
25 cents.

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Six Miles from City  
**\$1,050**  
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## Real Estate

We have a number of well situated choice lots in a beautiful subdivision, on easy terms, at prices that guarantee a large profit in a very short time.  
Also desirable house properties in every section.  
We have some bargains that should be picked up at once.  
Consult us about your purchases.  
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## CITY NEWS IN BRIEF

**SPECIAL SALES**  
TOILET GOODS  
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**B. C. DRUG STORE**  
Tel. 104. 27 Johnson Street.  
J. SEAGUE, Proprietor.

## RUPTURE

You get comfort and satisfaction with a Heald Truss. Free trial.  
Office, Moody Block, 76 Yates Street.

Meet your friends at the Gorge Park to-night—blossom and concert.

Excursions among the Gulf Islands Wednesdays and Saturdays by steamer Iroquois. For information, tel. 511.

W. H. Wilkerson and Mrs. Wilkerson, the Misses Lettice, J. Hart and other Victorians have returned after a week's tour of Sound cities. They were passengers by the steamer Unatilla. The trip they pronounce one of the most pleasant in this vicinity, and cannot understand why more local residents do not take advantage of such a splendid opportunity to enjoy a summer outing.

Two hundred and thirteen week-end excursionists arrived by the Indianapolis this afternoon from Seattle and Port Townsend.

The regular monthly meeting of the Refuge Home committee will be held to-morrow afternoon at the Home, commencing at 3 p.m.

Everything new at the Gorge—blossom and concert to-night.

## PRETTY COTTAGE HOME

**\$700.00**

CALL EARLY

**GRANT & CONYERS**

NO. 3 VIEW STREET.

—Everything new at the Gorge—blossom and concert to-night.

—\$125 lace curtains for \$100; 60c. velvet for 40c.; 50c. taffeta silk for 30c.; 40c. English prints for 25c.; 30c. for 20c.; 20c. for 15c.; 15c. for 10c.; 10c. for 5c.; 5c. for 2c.; 2c. for 1c.; 1c. for 50c. Clearance sale prices. Robinson's Cash Store, 38 Yates street.

—The Metropolitan Epworth League will hold its regular weekly meeting to-night under the auspices of the literary department. A good programme has been provided, and strangers will be made especially welcome.

—Fifteen days' slaughter clearance sale. Stock-taking over we have decided to make an annual sale for fifteen days—from August 9th to 24th. Now is the time to lay in a supply for summer, fall or winter, as all our staple stock is included in this sale. Come early while the stock is complete. Robinson's Cash Store, 38 Yates street.

—Grace Bly, 75, May 16th, 1906.

The B. C. Permanent Loan and Savings Co., Vancouver, B. C.

Gentlemen—I received your cheque for \$250.00, full withdrawal value of ten shares of the company, says the Seattle Times. Your prompt payment of this amount is quite satisfactory and inspires confidence.

I can heartily recommend your savings plan to all, particularly young men, who are anxious to build up a capital account and provide for the future.

Yours very truly,  
(Signed) WM. PHALEN.

—To build a narrow-gauge railroad from Juneau, Alaska, to Douglas City, crossing Gastineau channel at Salmon creek, and thence down the east shore of Douglas Island, is the undertaking of the Alaska Southern railroad, according to plans announced by S. D. Chittenden, president and general manager of the company, says the Seattle Times. The road will be 12 miles in length, to cost \$10,000 per mile, making a total financial output for the entire line of \$120,000. Bids for the contracts to furnish material for the road have been issued, and it is expected steps toward actual work will soon be taken.

—If a man aged 30 years wishes to provide for his wife and family, he can secure a 20-year term policy in the Mutual Life of Canada for a premium of \$12.50 per \$1,000, or \$69 for a \$5,000 policy. This rate is absolutely guaranteed for the 20 years, and furnishes perfect protection, which is well worth the outlay. But suppose the man wants an investment as well as the protection, so that he himself can draw the face of the policy in cash at the end of the years; then he can add for investment to his premium of \$12.50 the sum of \$25.00 per year, and every additional dollar thus paid by him will be returned at the end of the 20 years with 5 per cent. compound interest (absolutely guaranteed). A. B. McNeill, special agent; R. L. Drury, manager, 24 Broad street.

—A curious boycott has been declared by the prisoners at the provincial jail against William Rausswurm, B.A., serving nine months for theft. Rausswurm was serving a sentence for drunkenness at the city jail while T. M. Bowerman was there, pending his trial for forgery. Bowerman paid Rausswurm's fine, gave him a "grub stake" and entrusted him with money to get a lawyer for him (Bowerman) and to settle sundry bills. Rausswurm betrayed this trust, appropriated Bowerman's money and skipped. He was captured and given nine months. Now the other prisoners refuse to speak to him, the trustees select for him the least appetizing portions at meal times, and in other ways he is made to realize that he is an outcast even in jail society. Rausswurm is the nephew of a well known English clergyman, and himself an Oxford graduate.

—Everything new at the Gorge—blossom and concert to-night.

**All Aboard For Cordova Bay**  
**PACIFIC TRANSFER**  
Stage leaves at 10:30, Port street, below C. F. R. office, every SUNDAY MORNING at 8 o'clock, and THURSDAY EVENING, for the famous camping and picnic resort, returning to the city at 8 p.m. Fare, single or round trip, 50c.

A CHOICE FOR THE MOST FASTIDIOUS IN MY WINDOW OF  
**15c. Straights**  
**Clay, Bock**  
**AND**  
**La Africana**  
ARE ALWAYS FAVORITES.

**E. A. MORRIS**  
THE LEADING TOBACCONIST  
GOVERNMENT STREET.



## An Attractive Cut

A real estate bargain means a cut in price from what the property ought to bring. We have cut some prices to enable us to sell the property without delay.

HERE IS ONE that should interest you:

**25 Acres** within eight miles of the city, with small house, stable and outbuildings. Good orchard, horse, wagon, cows, over 200 chickens, etc., for **\$3,000**

**11, TROUCE LEE & FRASER**  
AVENUE VICTORIA B. C.



## SCOTSMEN HOLD ANNUAL PICNIC

RESULTS OF SPORTS SATURDAY AFTERNOON

Natives of Land of Heather Gather in Large Crowds at Oak Bay

Grounds.

The second annual picnic under the auspices of the St. Andrew's Society was held on Saturday afternoon and evening at Oak Bay park. It was attended by a large crowd, thoroughly representative of the Scotch element of Victoria. To an outsider the number of people wearing national costumes and the many adopting the different dialects of their native land in honor of the occasion was somewhat of a revelation. It demonstrated beyond a doubt that the Scotsman is of a wandering disposition, and may be found at all places included in that vast domain known as the British Empire. With their characteristic enthusiasm they entered into the spirit of their annual summer outing, with perfect abandon. It proved a delightful reunion and everyone pronounced the affair one round of pleasure.

Shortly before 2 o'clock business men and others engaged in their daily routine were attracted by the sound of the bag-pipes. Leading through the park, the pipe band, of which they saw a number of pipers in national array parading the street to the time of their instruments. They continued the music for some time, and before taking the car for the picnic grounds had gathered quite a number of small boy admirers in their wake.

In fact, the principal event, was the sports. The majority of the competitors were open, and to compete with them for the many handsome prizes offered. The programme was varied and lengthy, and kept a large crowd of spectators interested for several hours. A complete list of the results follows:

Girls, 16 and under, 50 yards—1st, candy, value \$1.25; 2nd, pair scissors; 3rd, Bamsley; 4th, book. First, Lilly Manson; 2nd, Vina Givens; 3rd, Violet Davis.

Boys, 16 and under, 75 yards—1st, pocket knife; 2nd, music book, M. W. Waitt & Co.; 3rd, R. Glick; 4th, K. Dickson; 5th, R. Glick; 6th, H. McKenzie; 7th, G. Dickson.

Young ladies' race, 16 and over, 75 yards—1st, trimmed hat, D. Spencer; 2nd, pair of gloves, Henry Young & Co.; 3rd, Violet Speed; 4th, Grace Henry; 5th, 100 yards dash, open, amateur—1st, value \$2.50, G. Carter & Co.; 2nd, shirt, value \$1.50, Sea & Goven. First, Guy Morley; 2nd, S. Winsby; 3rd, O. Finch; 4th, H. McKenzie; 5th, J. W. Whyte; 6th, medal, presented by E. M. Whyte; 2nd, book, J. T. Taylor, and pair of slippers, W. McKenzie. First, James Thomson; 2nd, Alex. Hill.

Highland Fling, girls under 20—1st, gold medal, G. Mowat; 2nd, dressing case, A. A. Clayton; 3rd, Maggie Hill; 4th, Ethel Smith. Sword Dance, boys under 20—1st, gold medal, J. W. Elliott; 2nd, sieve links, S. A. Stoddard; 3rd, book, Standard Stationery Co.; 4th, Alex. Hill; 5th, J. R. Thomson; 6th, Henry Thomson. Sword Dance, girls under 20—1st, gold medal, committee; 2nd, hand bag, D. Campbell; 3rd, Maggie Hill; 4th, Ethel Smith.

Best dressed boy in full Highland costume—1st, pair of slippers, H. E. Munday; 2nd, Sydney Shore, value \$1. First, Harry Thomson; 2nd, David Anderson. Best dressed girl, in full Highland costume—1st, box of perfume, Hall & Co.; 2nd, silver brooch, J. W. Whyte; 3rd, Maggie Hill; 4th, Alex. Hill; 5th, Dr. Milne; 2nd, half cord of wood, W. McKenzie; 3rd, J. McKenzie; 2nd, M. McKenzie.

Throwing 16 lb. hammer, members of St. Andrew's Society only—1st, silver cup, value \$10, J. W. Whyte; 2nd, J. W. Whyte; 3rd, J. W. Whyte; 4th, J. W. Whyte; 5th, J. W. Whyte; 6th, J. W. Whyte; 7th, J. W. Whyte; 8th, J. W. Whyte; 9th, J. W. Whyte; 10th, J. W. Whyte; 11th, J. W. Whyte; 12th, J. W. Whyte; 13th, J. W. Whyte; 14th, J. W. Whyte; 15th, J. W. Whyte; 16th, J. W. Whyte; 17th, J. W. Whyte; 18th, J. W. Whyte; 19th, J. W. Whyte; 20th, J. W. Whyte; 21st, J. W. Whyte; 22nd, J. W. Whyte; 23rd, J. W. Whyte; 24th, J. W. Whyte; 25th, J. W. Whyte; 26th, J. W. Whyte; 27th, J. W. Whyte; 28th, J. W. Whyte; 29th, J. W. Whyte; 30th, J. W. Whyte; 31st, J. W. Whyte; 32nd, J. W. Whyte; 33rd, J. W. Whyte; 34th, J. W. Whyte; 35th, J. W. Whyte; 36th, J. W. Whyte; 37th, J. W. Whyte; 38th, J. W. Whyte; 39th, J. W. Whyte; 40th, J. W. Whyte; 41st, J. W. Whyte; 42nd, J. W. Whyte; 43rd, J. W. Whyte; 44th, J. W. Whyte; 45th, J. W. Whyte; 46th, J. W. Whyte; 47th, J. W. Whyte; 48th, J. W. Whyte; 49th, J. W. 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## Hindoo Invasion

SCENE—Dainty drawing room in Victoria.

(ENTER HINDOO SERVANT).

SERVANT—"Will you take tea?"

MISTRESS—"Yes, Marwar, if it is really good."

SERVANT—"I will go even now! Will depart old tea; will bring you cup of DIXI TEA from Marwar's home in India."

(INTERVAL OF FIFTEEN MINUTES)

MISTRESS—"Marwar, this is excellent tea; but I did not know your home was at Dixi H. Ross &amp; Co., 111 Government St., Victoria, B. C."

## CALEDONIA PARK

Lots \$450.00 Upwards, Mostly 150 Feet.  
Deep. Easy Terms.

B. C. Land &amp; Investment Agency, Limited

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The Largest and Most Up-to-Date  
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## TREVOR KEENE

Successor to WM. T. HARDAKER.  
OLDEST ESTABLISHED AUCTION  
BUSINESS IN THE CITY.

## Auction Sale

At Salerooms, 77-79 Douglas Street.

August 17, 2 p.m.

## Valuable Furniture

Removed from the house of D. Leeming,  
Esq., and others, for convenience  
of sale.Including Mahogany Chest of Drawers,  
Handsome Walnut Chairs, Sideboard,  
Iron Bedsteads and Excellent Bedding.  
Terms: Reasonable. Full particulars later.The best place to sell your goods.  
Goods consigned for sale covered by fire  
insurance.

Trevor Keene, Auctioneer.

## POSTPONED

On account of Mrs. Higham, of 71,  
Superior street, being unable to get away,  
the sale of her furniture will be post-  
poned from the 15th to

THURSDAY, AUGUST 30th

We will hold our usual sale

SATURDAY NIGHT

8 O'CLOCK.

Among other things will be a lot of  
Men's Undershirts of extra good quality.

MAYNARD &amp; SON, AUCTIONEERS.

## Messrs. L. Eaton & Co.

SEE TO-MORROW'S COLONIST

FOR THE FULL PARTICULARS OF

THE SALE AT MRS. TWIGGS, 110

MICHIGAN STREET, ON WEDNES-

DAY, AUGUST 15TH

THE AUCTIONEERS, L. EATON &amp; CO.

## Granite and Marble Works

Monuments, Tablets, Granite  
Copings, etc., at lowest prices  
consistent with first-class stock  
and workmanship.

A. STEWART.

COR. YATES AND BLANCHARD  
STREETS.

## Saturday Special

FRENCH TOILET SOAP

3 BOXES for 25c

EACH BOX CONTAINS 3 CAKES

We have a large stock of domestic and tropical fruits.

## THE WEST END GROCERY COMPANY

SYDNEY J. HEALD, Manager.

4 GOVERNMENT STREET.

P. O. BOX 555

## THIEF GETS SIXTEEN MONTHS IMPRISONMENT

Salmon Harnstein Pleaded Guilty to  
Charges Laid Against Him and  
Was Sentenced.A plea of guilty was entered by  
Frank Higgins, counsel for Solomon  
Harnstein, in the police court this  
morning. Readers of the Times will  
remember that Harnstein is the man  
arrested several days ago on a charge  
of stealing personal belongings from  
different local hotels.When the accused faced Magistrate  
Hall he wore a somewhat repentant ex-  
pression, but uttered not a word as the  
several informations laid against him  
were read. There were three of these,  
enumerating thefts committed at the  
Empire, Strand and Victoria hotels. It  
was in the course of a fourth attempt  
at the New England hotel that Harn-  
stein was detected. As he was not  
given time to complete the last "job,"  
no charge was laid in that regard. In  
all probability had he refrained from  
entering the latter building he would  
have escaped to San Francisco, having  
obtained a ticket on the steamer City  
of Poughkeepsie that night, without difficulty.After pleading guilty, Mr. Higgins  
made a brief address, asking for clemency  
on the ground of poverty. He outlined  
some of the hard luck which had  
confronted Harnstein within the past  
few months. In the first instance he  
had lost his place of business in  
San Francisco through the earthquake  
and fire. Practically destitute he had  
come north to Vancouver in the hope  
of obtaining employment, and had met  
with disappointment. When taken in  
custody he had been en route to the  
Hay City. He hoped that the magis-  
trate would take these circumstances  
into consideration in inflicting punish-  
ment.Chief Langley, for the prosecution,  
had an explanation to make in refer-  
ence to the charges entered against  
Harnstein. He pointed out that it had  
been impossible to lay an information  
of burglary because the entering of  
rooms in public hotels was not con-  
sidered as such under the code. It was  
termed trespass. Hence his action.  
The magistrate did not want a  
statement to the effect that burglary  
could not be committed in connection  
with a hotel to go abroad. The break-  
ing into such a building was just as  
much burglary under the code as  
being the same thing to a place of residence.  
Harnstein was then sentenced to six-  
teen months' imprisonment as fol-  
lows: For stealing a razor and shirt  
from the room of H. Earl at the Vic-  
toria hotel, 4 months; for stealing one  
suit, a pair of trousers and other per-  
sonal belongings from the rooms of the  
Empire hotel, 8 months; for stealing a  
razor, etc., from the Strand, 4  
months. These are to run consecutively  
making a year and 4 months in  
duration. Both the prisoner and his  
counsel appeared satisfied.

## SPECIAL EDITION.

Local Newspaper Contains Extensive De-  
scriptive Articles on the Island  
and City.Sunday's edition of the Colonist was a  
handsome one and consisted of 32 pages.  
Special sections were devoted to the  
industries of Vancouver Island and Vic-  
toria. The editorial department, under  
the able guidance of Mr. J. R. Anderson,  
has given a very interesting and com-  
prehensive account of the resources of  
the island. The most important  
contribution is written by Frank I.  
Clarke, of the provincial bureau of in-  
formation, who gives a very interesting  
historical resume and also a capable and  
conservative estimate of the resources of  
the island. Mr. Anderson, editor of the B. C.  
Mining Record, deals with the mineral  
resources in an able manner, and, as his  
writings always carry weight, his article  
will doubtless be of great benefit to the  
industry. The section dealing with the  
government reports dealing with mining  
statistics and agriculture are reproduced,  
as also an address by J. R. Anderson,  
deputy minister of agriculture, dealing  
with timber possibilities.  
The section dealing with the industries  
of Victoria is a valuable feature, the  
business and commercial portions of  
houses being described in detail. A list  
however, of these industries does not con-  
tain many firms of importance. It is re-  
grettable that what purports to be a  
statistical table should be so meagre.  
The actual industrial wealth of the city."The Sailor and the Horse," a one-  
act sketch by Will M. H. Cressy, pre-  
sented by Harry L. Rose & Co., is the big  
feature with which Manager Jamieson  
confidently expects to put the record  
for big business up another notch at  
the New Grand theatre this week. This  
is a novel and altogether remarkably  
clever sketch with a whirlwind finish,  
the title role of Tom Bowline, the sailor  
man, being taken by Harry LaRose.  
Spaulding, the side show manager  
with a horse to sell, by Chas. H. Cross-  
by; Estuna, a Turkish-American  
dancer, by Jennie Coulson; Push  
O'Neil, a jockey, by James LaBlanc,  
and Here's Hopin', a race horse, by  
Himself. The Garnells, Dick and  
Maud, will appear in their eccentric  
comedy sketch, "My Brother Johnny";  
Eddie Grey & Co., including Eddie  
Grey, Thos. V. Morrison, and Miss  
Christine Prince, will present a beau-  
tiful little playlet, "His Last Match";  
Miss Cora Beach Turner is a good  
soprano and vocalist; Frederic Rob-  
erts will sing the illustrated song,  
"Because He Loves His Mother," and  
the moving pictures are entitled "The  
Holiday." Prof. Nagel's overture for  
the week will be "Selections From  
Tannhauser," by Richard Wagner.A contingent of members of the  
Victoria Lawn Tennis Club left by the  
steamer Victoria for Victoria for Van-  
couver this morning. They will par-  
ticipate in the championship tournament  
now in progress there. The party con-  
sists of Miss E. Ryan, Miss Pitts, Miss  
M. Pitts, Miss V. Pooley and Miss Jay.  
B. P. Schwengers, F. A. Macrae and  
J. D. Hunter. They are entered as fol-  
lows: Gentlemen's singles, B. P.  
Schwengers, F. A. Macrae and J. D.  
Hunter; ladies' singles, all the ladies;  
gentlemen's doubles, B. P. Schwengers  
and F. A. Macrae; ladies' doubles, Miss  
E. Ryan and Violet Pooley; mixed  
doubles, J. D. Hunter and Miss Ryan  
and B. P. Schwengers and Miss M.  
Pitts.Meet your friends at the Gorge  
Park, to night, blossoms and concert.

## VICTIM OF ACCIDENT CROSSES THE DIVIDE

Edward Hobbs Died Yesterday From  
Wounds Received While Working  
Upon Farm.The death occurred of Edward Hobbs  
at the Jubilee hospital yesterday under  
unusually sad circumstances. He  
passed away suffering from wounds re-  
ceived on Saturday while working  
about his farm, which fronts on Cad-  
boro Bay, near where quite a number  
of Victorians have made a summer  
home. Nobody saw the accident with  
the exception of a Chinaman in his  
employ. Hobbs, it appears, was en-  
gaged with a team of horses at the  
time. From what can be gathered from  
the Oriental the animals became re-  
sistive and suddenly commenced to back,  
plunging Hobbs to the ground with the pole  
pressing against his abdomen. When  
the horses were removed Hobbs fell to  
the ground and was taken to the house.  
Medical examination disclosed internal  
injuries and he was removed to the  
hospital for treatment. His condition,  
however, grew worse and yesterday he  
passed away.The late Mr. Hobbs was forty years  
of age and a native of North Cadbury,  
Somersetshire. He has resided in Vic-  
toria for fifteen years, during which  
time he engaged in farming upon a prop-  
erty at Cadboro Bay. He leaves a  
widow and three children and one bro-  
ther, E. V. Hobbs, of Port Renfrew,  
to mourn his loss. Mr. Hobbs has been  
informed of his brother's demise and  
is on his way from the West Coast by  
the steamer Tees. The funeral has been  
arranged to take place on Wednesday  
afternoon from the late residence at 2  
o'clock, and an hour later at St. Luke's  
church, Cedar Hill. Deceased was a  
member of Court Victoria, A. O. F.,  
members of which organization will  
participate in the last sad rites of in-  
terment.The Victoria Poultry and Pet Stock  
Association will meet on Tuesday  
(14th) evening at 8 o'clock in the parlor  
of the Queen's hotel.The British barque Battle Abbey,  
which was announced in Saturday's  
Times as coming to Esquimalt to be  
repaired, has not yet arrived, but the  
management of the B. C. marine rail-  
way company, who have secured the  
contract for the work to be done on the  
vessel, are looking for her to-night or  
to-morrow. There has been a hitch  
over her departure from the Sound  
they say, but they do not expect that  
this will prevent the barque from com-  
ing.The following is an extract from  
the London (Eng.) Daily Mail of re-  
cent date: "Vegetarians will doubtless  
with delight the advent of a new  
tuber, blue of skin and yellow of in-  
terior, which is about to be placed  
upon the market. This new potato is  
known as the Solanum—common in  
the power is 50 to 100 per cent. over  
the ordinary kind." The Breckman-  
Ker Milling Company, who represent  
Messrs. Sutton & Sons throughout  
British Columbia have already ordered  
a supply of this wonderful novelty.  
Potato farmers and others should order  
early as the quantity is sure to be lim-  
ited.

## FROM THE COAST.

Steamer Tees, Capt. Townsend, ar-  
rived this afternoon from West Coast  
ports as far north as Quatsino. She  
had about 70 passengers on arrival and  
a small freight. Among the arrivals  
was a party of five from the Botanical  
Garden at Fort Renfrew, who are en-  
route home after spending a very  
profitable time in study on the coast.  
The members of this party are delig-  
ent with their outing. The weather  
was fine during most of their sojourn  
on the island, and the botanical studies  
which occupied their attention proved  
of the most interesting character.

## STEEL KNIFE IN THE FLESH.

That's the sensation experienced by  
Robert Price of Hinton, Ont. He knew  
it was scolding and of course used  
"Nerviline." As usual it cured and he  
says: "No thimble can excel Polson's  
Nerviline. Severe pains made my side  
lame. It was like a steel knife running  
through the flesh. I rubbed in lots of  
Nerviline and was completely cured."  
A regular snap for Nerviline to ease  
somatic and rheumatic pains. It sings into  
the core of the pain, cures it in short  
order. Large 25c. bottles at all dealers.

## SHERRING IS COMING.

(Special to the Times.)

Vancouver, Aug. 13.—Sherring, the  
Marathon winner, has agreed to come  
to Vancouver to take part in the ath-  
letic club's meeting on September 15th.

Everybody Smokes Old Chum.



## OFFICE FURNISHINGS

Our extensive basement is used partly as a storage and display room  
for the heavy and very broad widths of Linoleum, Art Cork, Carpets and  
Oilcloth used for covering floors in banks, public buildings, insurance  
and other offices, kitchens and other large areas. These wide linoleums  
do away with unsightly seams and are very advantageous, especially  
where the pattern is tile, or mosaic in design. Huge stocks of Nairn &  
Co.'s, Greenwich Inland Tile Co.'s and other noted makers are always on  
view in the very latest designs. The remainder of the basement is used  
as a storage for kitchen utensils, glassware and crockery.WAREHOUSE:  
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when the hens lay, and, to keep them at it, use

Sylvester's Excelsior Meal at \$1.50

per sack (for the morning) and

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